

Homœopathy's Time







Tutorial

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Thank You So Much!



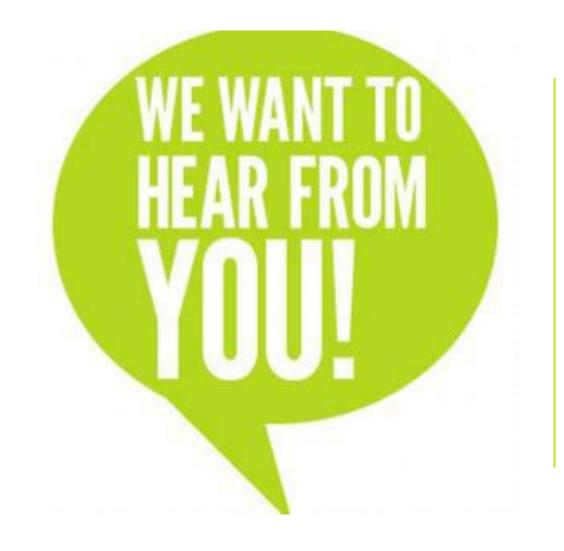








THANK YOU



Please email: kimelia6660@gmail.com



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We have compiled the information below to bring the world homeopathic community together and to provide support to all during this unprecedented and challenging time.

The views, thoughts, and opinions expressed in the links and documents below belong solely to the authors and are not necessarily those of WholeHealthNow. We share this information in the hope that it will help people. Specific programs of disease treatment or prevention should be applied only in consultation with a licensed physician or other qualified health professional. If you or the person you are attempting to work with has a serious condition, please seek medical help immediately.

Homeopathy has a proven record of effectiveness during epidemics and pandemics. One of the most notable examples was the 1918 Spanish Flu epidemic during which homeopaths reported cure rates significantly higher than those of traditional doctors. A specific group of remedies was needed most—a phenomenon that Hahnemann pinpointed over 200 years ago. He wrote in the Organon (102) "... the disease picture becomes more and more complete ... containing more accurately the peculiarity of the particular collective disease. The ordinary symptoms ... become more precisely qualified, and those that are more exceptional ... reveal themselves and constitute the characteristic picture of this epidemic." As the COVID-19 pandemic progresses, homeopaths are developing a clearer list of remedies that are helping to cure the most cases – they will clearly see what's termed the genius epidemicus, of which there may be more than one. Many of the world's foremost practitioners are devoting countless hours in pursuit of the same goal.



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COVID-19 RESOURCE PAGE

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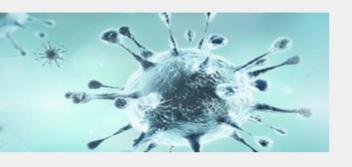
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Homœopathic Resources

- National Center for Homeopathy
- COVID-19 Pandemic: Case Management of the Influenza Pneumonia Patient with Homeopathy Canadian Academy of Homeopathy, Andre Saine
- . Coronavirus analysis of symptoms from confirmed cases with an assessment of possible homeopathic remedies for treatment and prophylaxis, Manish Bhatia
- · Epidemic Updates from Paul Herscu ND, MPH
- . Update to Coronavirus Genus Epidemicus Webinars Jeremy Sherr
- Karen Allen
- Homeopathy for Coronavirus Covid-19 Infection
- Manish Agarwala
- Homeopathy: Coronavirus Update
- · Anti-inflammatory homoeopathic drug dilutions
- . Homeopathy for Coronavirus Covid-19 Infection: Dr Aditya Kasariyans and Dr Rajan Sankaran
- Homeopathic medication on upper respiratory tract infections in COPD patients
- Advisory on the Coronavirus by Richard Moskowitz
- Sample case Ozonum No. M Dr. Petre Simeon Gajdos

- . Symptoms of COVID19 by Farokh Master
- Mustard Gas by Farokh Master
- Genus epidemicus project Toronto by Sunil Anand
- Pertinent COVID-19 Repertorization
 - COVID-19 symptoms taken from published papers
 - o Influenza rubrics
 - Pneumonia rubrics
 - Pertinent rubrics for COVID-10 pneumonia
 - Collapse or late state symptoms
 - Symptoms of Beryllium metallicum
 - Case series from Iran







Aethylium sulfuricum dichloratum

- Dichlorodiethyl sulphide. Mustard gas. Sulphur mustard. HD.
- Clear amber coloured oily liquid with a faint odour of garlic, onion, horseradish, or mustard
- Formula: C4H8Cl2S. Carbon 30.20%; chlorine 44.57%; hydrogen 5.07%; sulphur 20.16%



Antimonium arsenicosum

There is no agreement in the homeopathic literature concerning the composition of this salt. Most say it is the arsenite, others believe it to be the arsenate, while Hale is the only one proclaiming its composition as antimony arsenide. The Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia describes it as a heavy, white powder, consisting of "approximately 56% antimony trioxide and 44% arsenic pentoxide ... insoluble in water and in alcohol."



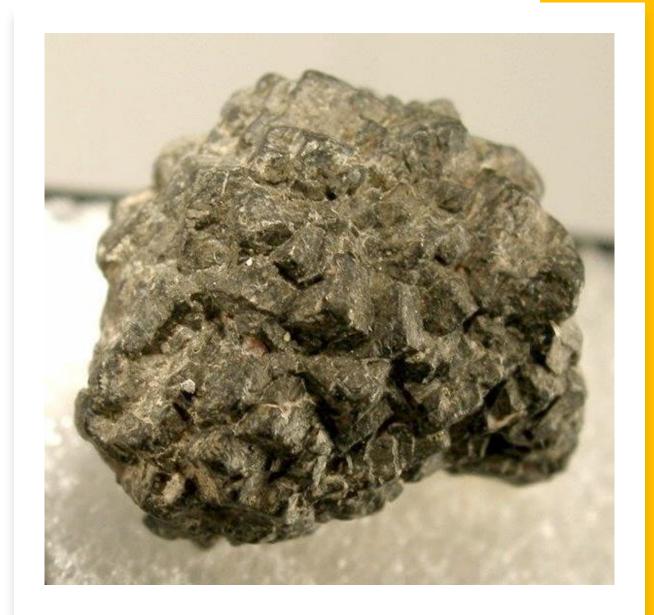
Antimonium tartaricum

- Antimony potassium tartrate. Tartar emetic. Tartrated antimony. Tartarized antimony. Potassium antimonyltartrate.
- Formula: C8H4K2O12Sb2•3H2O.
 Antimony 36.46%; carbon 14.39%;
 hydrogen 1.51%; oxygen 35.93%;
 potassium 11.71%.



Arsenicum album

Metallic arsenic belongs to the nitrogen family [group 15 of the periodic table] and is classified as a metalloid. Arsenic has three allotropes - yellow, black, and grey. The grey metallic form is the stable and most common ore. Arsenic compounds were described and used in antiquity, especially as poisons.



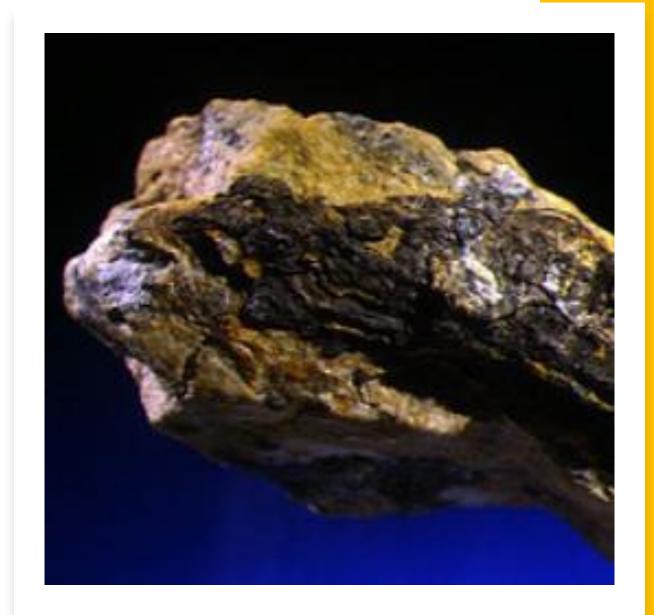
Aconitum napellus

Aconitum is included in the Ranunculaceae. Comprising over 1800 species in about 50 genera, the family is centred in temperate and cold regions of the Northern and Southern hemispheres. It contains a number of very poisonous plants, such as Helleborus and Aconitum, and a number of well-known garden ornamentals.



Arsenicum iodatum

- Arsenic triiodide. Arsenic iodide. Arsenous triiodide. Triodoarsine.
- Orange-red to dark red solid. Prepared by a reaction of arsenic trichloride and potassium iodide.



Asclepias tuberosa

- Scientific name: Asclepias tuberosa L.
- Common names: Butterfly milkweed. Butterfly-weed. Pleurisy root.
- Family: Apocynaceae.



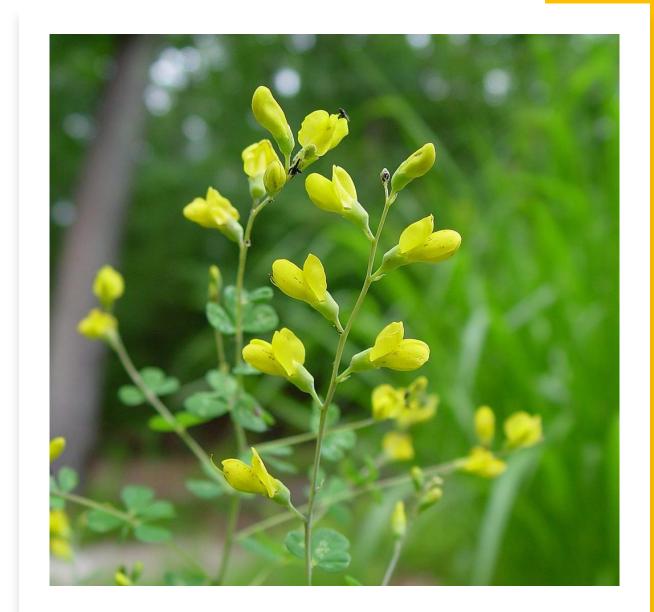
Bacillinum

- Scientific name: Mycobacterium tuberculosis Zopf.
- Family: Mycobacteriaceae.
- Order: Actinomycetales. Class: Actinobacteria. Phylum: Actinobacteria.



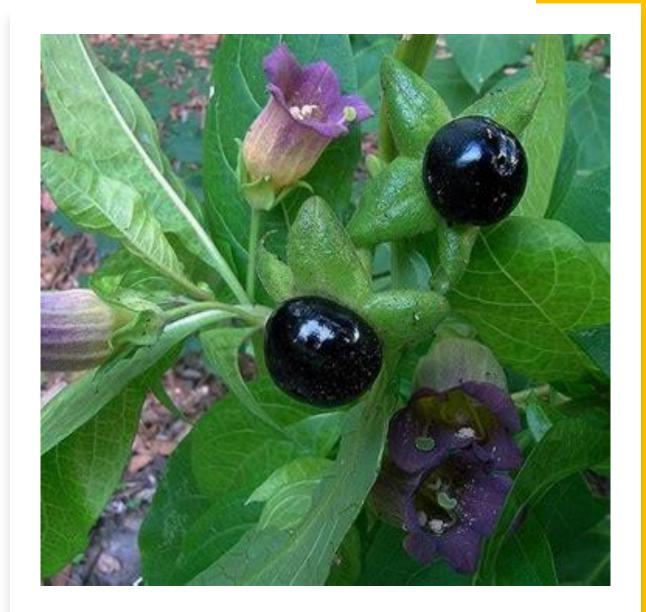
Baptisia tinctoria

- Scientific name: Baptisia tinctoria [L.]
 R.Br.
- Synonyms: Sophora tinctoria L.
- Common names: Yellow wild indigo. Rattleweed. Indigo-broom. Horseflyweed.



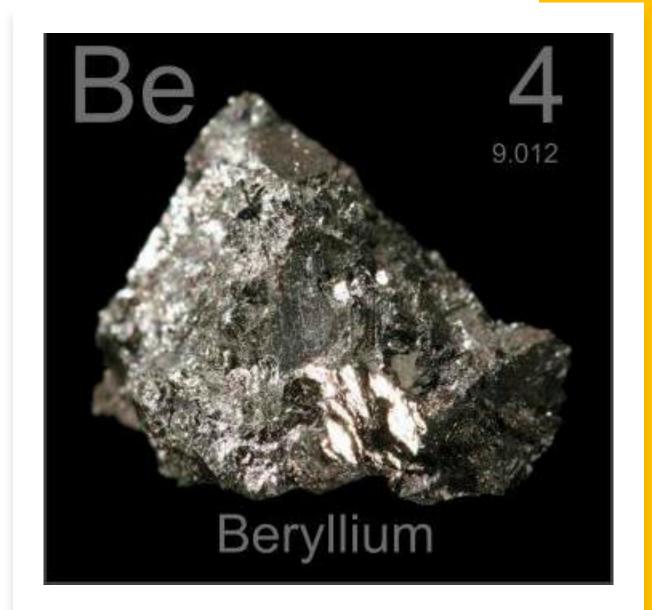
Belladonna

Atropa belladonna, as well as Stramonium and Hyoscyamus, belong to the Solanaceae or Nightshade family, a widespread plant family comprising about 96 genera of herbs, shrubs and, occasionally, trees.



Beryllium metallicum

- Beryllium. Synonym: Glucinum.
 Symbol: Be. Atomic number: 4.
- Lightest member of group 2 alkaline earth metals; followed by magnesium, calcium, strontium, barium, and radium.



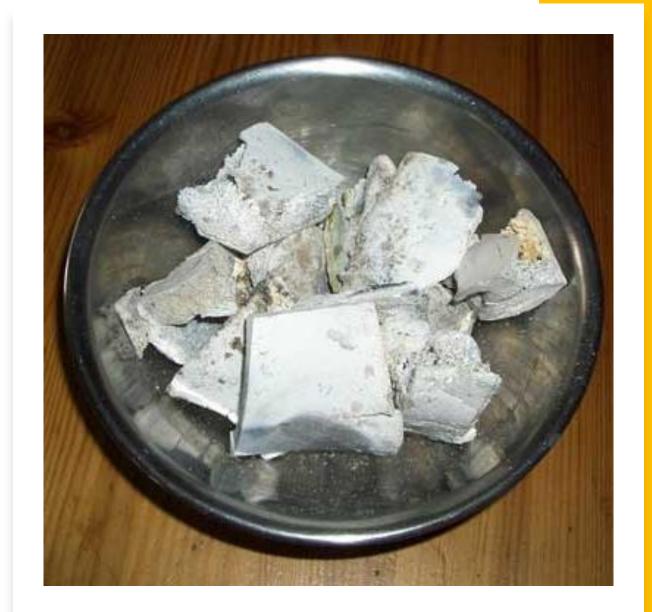
Bryonia alba

Bryonia belongs to the gourd family or Cucurbitaceae, a family of some 700 species in 120 genera. Highly specialized in habit, floral structure and biochemistry, the Cucurbitaceae generally are classified in a single-family order.



Causticum

When heated in a glowing fire, marble [crystalline calcium carbonate] turns into burnt lime [calcium oxide]. The red heat allows "an acid of the lowest order" to escape as a gas [carbon dioxide].



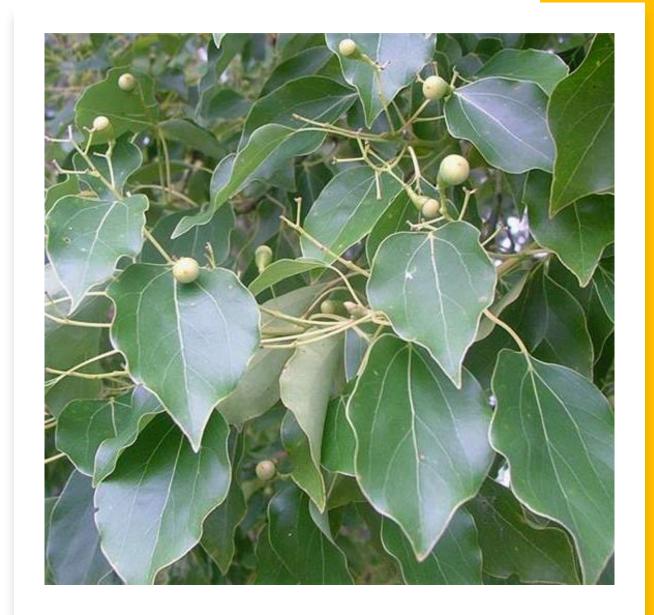
Carbo vegetabilis

Vegetable charcoal is the carbonaceous residue of the combustion of wood under the limited access of air. With the volatile components, like methane and hydrogen, baked away, the residue is just 20 to 25 per cent of the original volume of the wood. It is chiefly carbon, with traces of volatile chemicals and ash [rich in potassium].



Camphora officinalis

- Scientific name: Cinnamomum camphora [L.] J.Presl.
- Synonyms: Laurus camphora L. Camphora officinarum Nees. Cinnamomum camphora Presl.
- Common names: Camphor tree.
 Camphor laurel. Japanese camphor tree.



Chelidonium majus

Chelidonium belongs to the Papaveraceae or Poppies, a plant family that is mainly native to the north temperate zone. The family consists chiefly of herbaceous annuals or perennials, and some shrubs.



Chininum arsenicosum

The arsenite of quinine combines many of the properties of its components but having been proved it can be treated as a separate individuality.



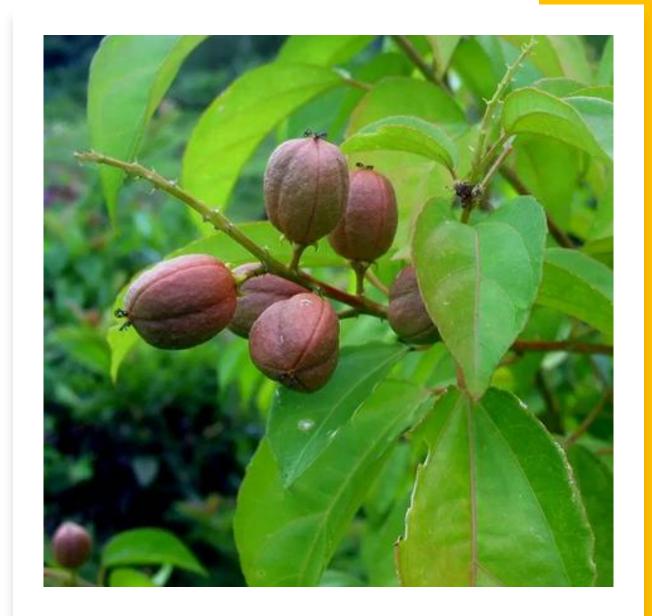
Chininum muriaticum

- Quinine salt, containing 82% quinine, employed in malaria treatment.
- Quinine hydrochloride is an antimalarial agent, anticholinergic, antihypertensive and hypoglycaemic agent; also used as a resolving agent. A potassium channel blocker. Also used as a flavouring agent in carbonated beverages, a skeletal muscle relaxant and an antiprotozoal agent for fish. A resolving agent for carboxylic acids.



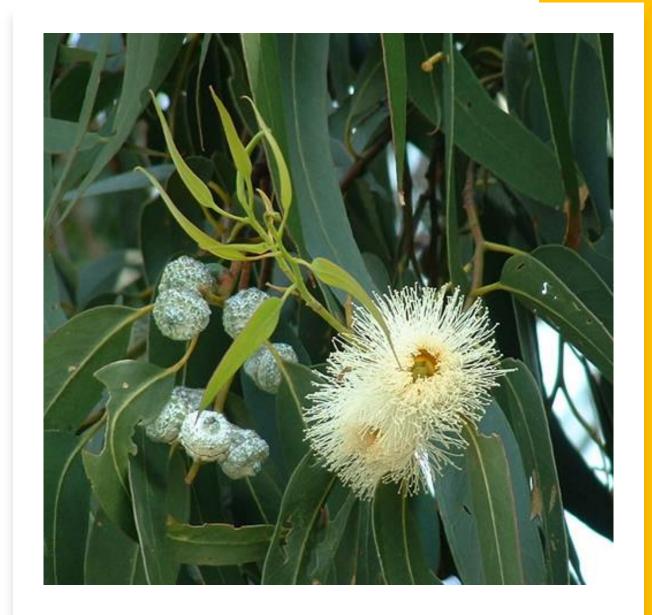
Croton tiglium

- Scientific name: Croton tiglium L.
- Common names: Purging croton. Physic nut.
- Family: Euphorbiaceae.



Eucalyptus globulus

- Scientific name: Eucalyptus globulus Labill.
- Common names: Blue gum. Tasmanian blue gum. Southern blue gum.



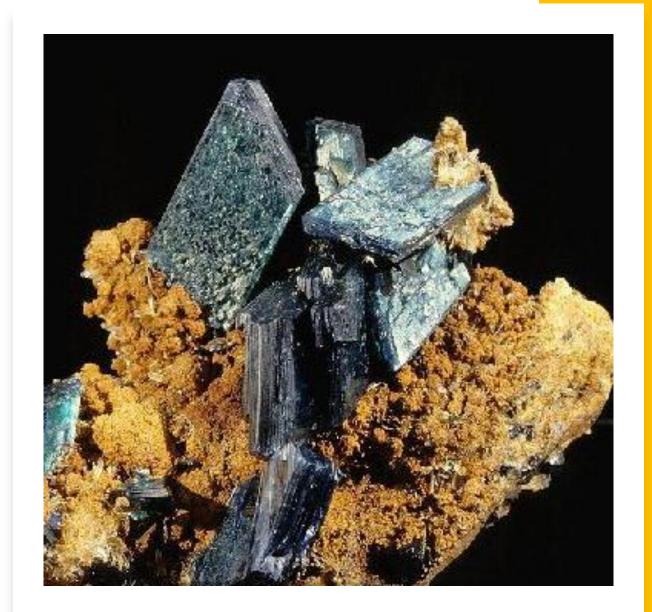
Eupatorium perfoliatum

Belongs to the family Compositae or Asteraceae and is included in the tribe Eupatorieae, along with Ageratum, Liatris, and Mikania. With about 1100 genera and 25,000 species, the Aster family is one of the largest families of flowering plants.



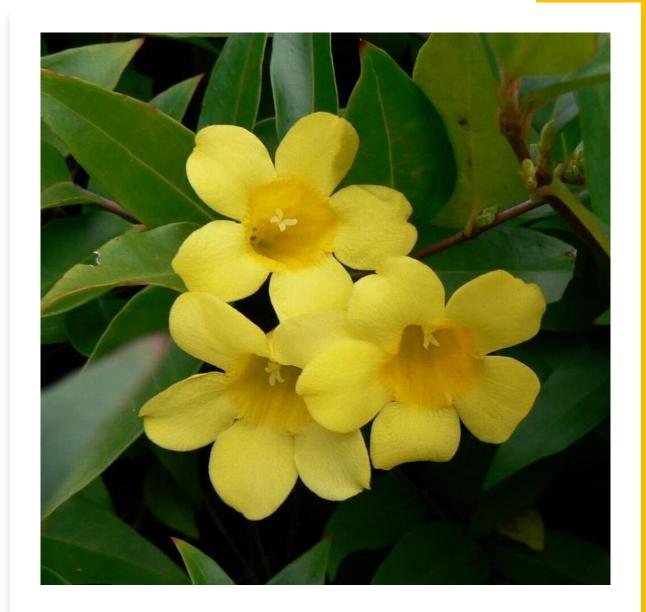
Ferrum phosphoricum

Ferric phosphate is a dihydrate, white, greyish-white, or light pink, orthorhombic or monoclinic crystals or amorphous powder. It loses water above 140o. Practically insoluble in water; readily soluble in hydrochloric acid [muriatic acid].



Gelsemium sempervirens

Placed in the Loganiaceae family, Gelsemium is a genus of 3 species of evergreen twining shrubs with simple opposite leaves and clusters of fragrant tubular flowers that bear their parts in 5s. The Loganiaceae is a diverse family of trees, shrubs and climbers.



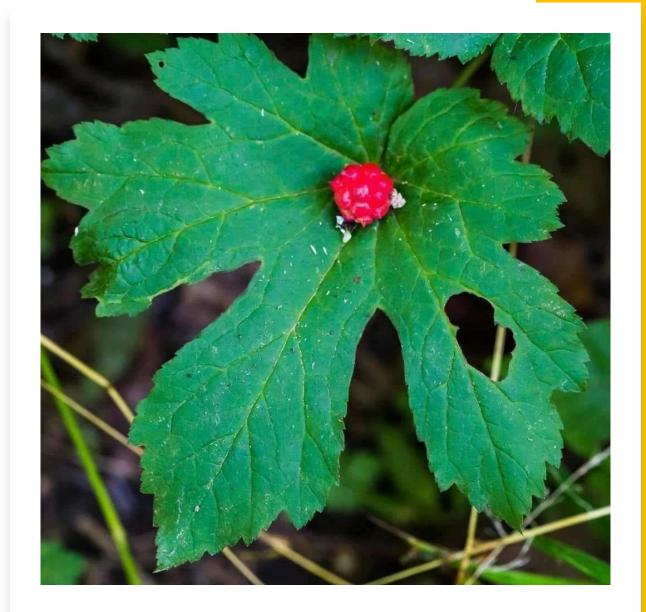
Grindelia robusta

- Scientific name: Grindelia camporum Greene.
- Synonyms: Grindelia robusta Nutt.
- Common names: Great Valley gumweed. Grindelia. Gumweed. Wild sunflower.
- Family: Asteraceae; old name Compositae. Tribe: Astereae.



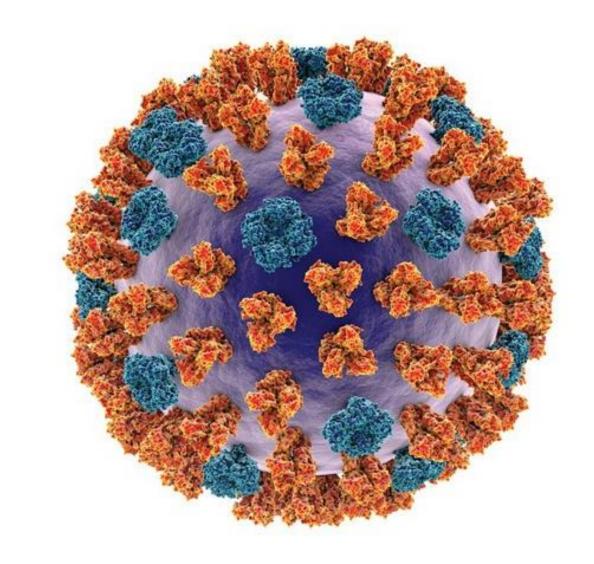
Hydrastis canadensis

Hydrastis canadensis from Japan and eastern North America is somewhat intermediate between the Paeoniaceae, Ranunculaceae and Berberidaceae, and is also often put in its own family, the Hydrastidaceae.



Influenzinum

The only members of the Orthomyxovirus family, influenza viruses are divided into 3 types: A, B, and C, on the basis of variation in the nucleoprotein antigen.



Justicia adhatoda

- Scientific name: Justicia adhatoda L.
- Synonyms: Adhatoda zeylanica Medik.
- Common names: Malabar nut.
 Adhatoda. Vasa. Vasaka.



Kali carbonicum

Potassium is a member of group 1 [formerly IA] of the periodic table, along with Lithium, Sodium, Rubidium, Caesium, and Francium. The Latin name kalium comes from Arabic qali, alkali. Potassium is never found free in nature.



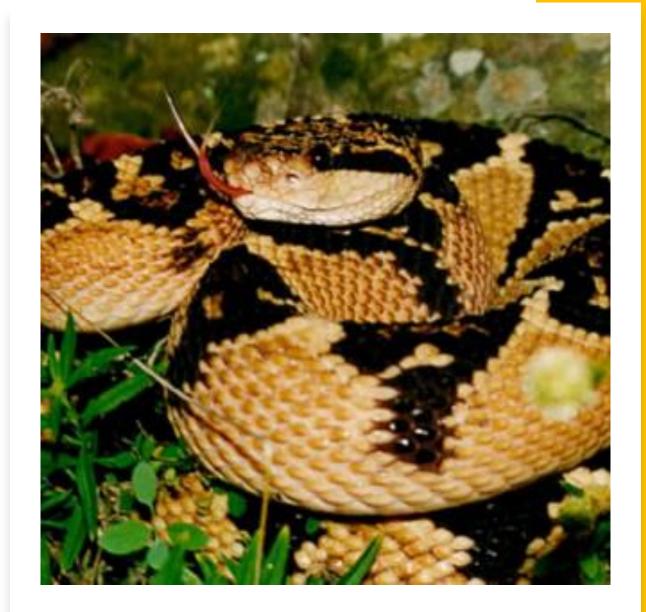
Kali bichromicum

Orange-red crystals or powder; not hygroscopic or deliquescent [difference from sodium dichromate]. Dissolves sparingly in water. The compound is a strong oxidizer; contact with other material may cause fire.



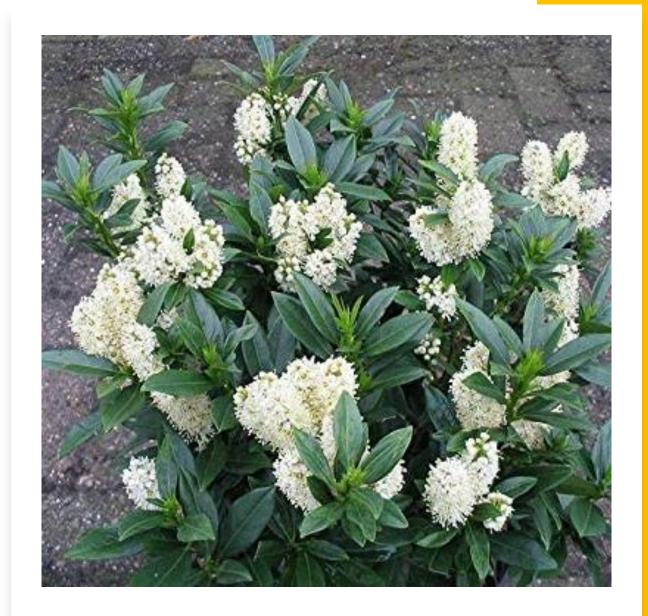
Lachesis muta

The Bushmaster belongs to the subfamily Crotalinae [Pitvipers] of the family Viperidae. Lachesis muta inhabits four distinct areas in tropical rain forest, with each population classified as a separate subspecies: Lachesis muta muta, L. muta rhombeata, L. muta stenophrys, and L. muta melanocephala.



Laurocerasus

- Scientific name: Prunus laurocerasus L.
- Synonyms: Cerasus laurocerasus [L.]
 Loisel. Laurocerasus officinalis M.Roem.
 Padus laurocerasus [L.] Mill. Prunus grandifolia Salisb.
- Common names: Cherry laurel.



Lobelia purpurascens

- Scientific name: Lobelia purpurascens R.Br.
- Synonyms: Dortmanna purpurascens [R.Br.] Kuntze. Lobelia ilicifolia Sims.
 Pratia purpurascens [R.Br.] E.Wimm.
 Rapuntium purpurascens [R.Br.] C.Presl.
- Common names: White root. Purple pratia. Pukeweed.



Lycopodium clavatum

One the dominant plants of the forests in the Carboniferous Period, the club mosses, also called lycopods, are reduced today to five genera and some 900 species. The family consists of terrestrial or epiphytic, fern-like herbs or climbers with small, simple leaves typically arranged in whorls or spirals.



Mercurius solubilis

Placed in group 12 of the Periodic Table, with zinc and cadmium, mercury is the only common metal that is liquid at ordinary temperatures. As 'liquid silver' [hydrargyrum] it was known to ancient Chinese and Hindus; it has been found in Egyptian tombs of 1500 BC.



Nux vomica

- Scientific name: Strychnos nux-vomica L.
- Synonyms: Strychnos spireana Dop.
- Common names: Strychnine tree. Nux vomica. Poison nut. Quaker buttons.



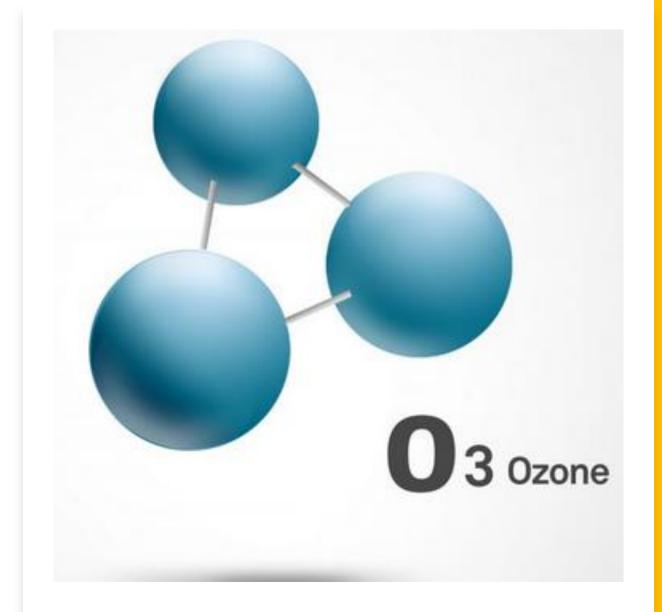
Oscillococcinum

Oscillococcinum is a proprietary drug with a great reputation in France as a prophylactic or an acute for influenza or flu-like conditions.



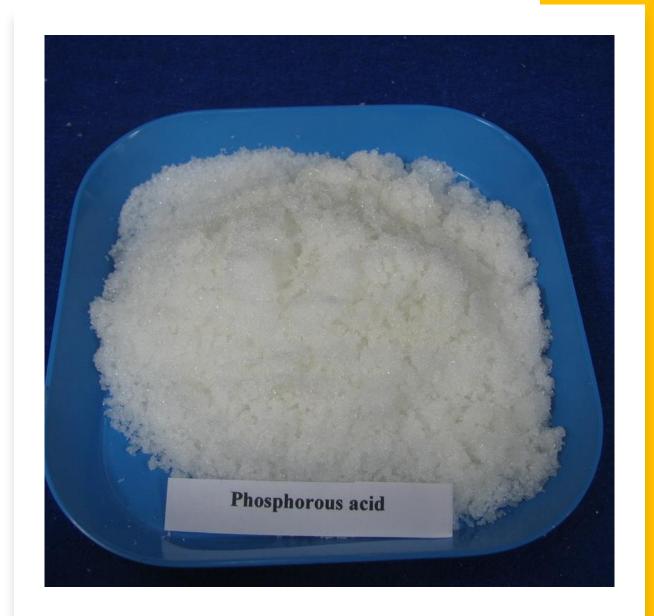
Ozonum

- Ozone. Trixoygen. O3.
- Allotrope of oxygen that is much less stable than the diatomic allotrope O2, breaking down in the lower atmosphere to normal dioxygen.



Phosphoricum acidum

An inorganic acid, phosphoric acid exists either in the form of unstable, orthorhombic crystals [anhydrous] or as a clear, syrupy liquid. Pure anhydrous phosphoric acid is a white solid that melts at 42.350 C to form a viscous liquid.



Phosphorus

Phosphorus is the second element in group 15 of the periodic system; nitrogen is the lightest member, arsenic, antimony and bismuth follow after phosphorus. Phosphorus does not occur naturally, but only in the oxidized form of phosphates, e.g. in the minerals apatite, phosphophyllite, turquoise, and vivianite.



Pulsatilla pratensis

Pulsatilla belongs to the Ranunculaceae or Buttercup family. Comprising over 1800 species in about 50 genera, the family is centred in temperate and cold regions of the Northern and Southern Hemispheres.



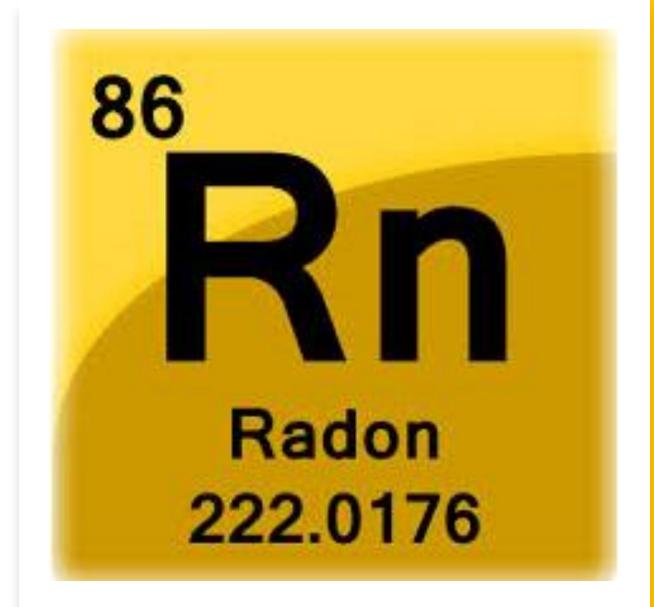
Pyrogenium

Introduced into homoeopathy by Drysdale in 1880, pyrogenium was obtained by the following mode of preparation: Half a pound of chopped lean beef is put into a pint of tap water and macerated on the sunny side of a wall for two or three weeks, so that a pellicle may form and the maceration fluid assume a reddish, thick, and fetid appearance.



Radon

Noble gas in group 18 of Periodic Table, along with helium, neon, argon, krypton, and xenon.



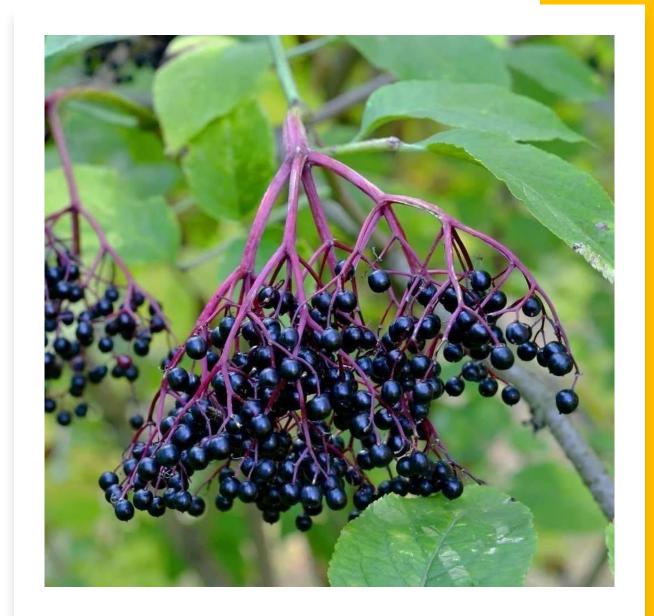
Rhus toxicodendron

The Anacardiaceae is a widespread, mostly tropical plant family with 76 genera of trees, shrubs and lianes. It includes species as Comocladia, Cotinus, Rhus, and Mangifera.



Sambucus nigra

The Caprifoliaceae, the Honeysuckle family, consists of small trees and shrubs, with a few climbers and a small number of herbaceous plants. Comprising some 450 species in 18 genera, the family is cosmopolitan, although centred in temperate parts of eastern North America and eastern Asia.



Sarcolacticum acidum

- L-Lactic acid. [S]-2-Hydroxypropanoic acid. Dextrorotatory lactic acid. Sarcolactic acid.
- Isomeric form of lactic acid, the concentration of which increases in muscle and blood with vigorous activity.
- Formula: C3H6O3. Carbon 40%;
 hydrogen 6.71%; oxygen 53.29%.



Senega

- Scientific name: Polygala senega L.
- Synonyms: Senega officinalis Spach.
- Common names: Seneca snakeroot.
 Rattlesnake root. Mountain flax.
- Family: Polygalaceae.



Silicea terra

Silicon is a non-metallic element in group 14 of the periodic table. It is the second element of the group, carbon being the lightest and germanium, tin and lead being heavier. Silicon makes up more than one quarter of the earth's crust.



Solaninum aceticum

- Plant-derived chemical. Steroidal glycoalkaloid, acetate salt.
- Obsolete drug at one time used for treatment of pulmonary maladies with spasm or irritation.
- No provings or clinical observations [Dr. Farokh Master reports clinical success with this remedy]. Symptoms from experiments with crude substance by Clarus, 1853.



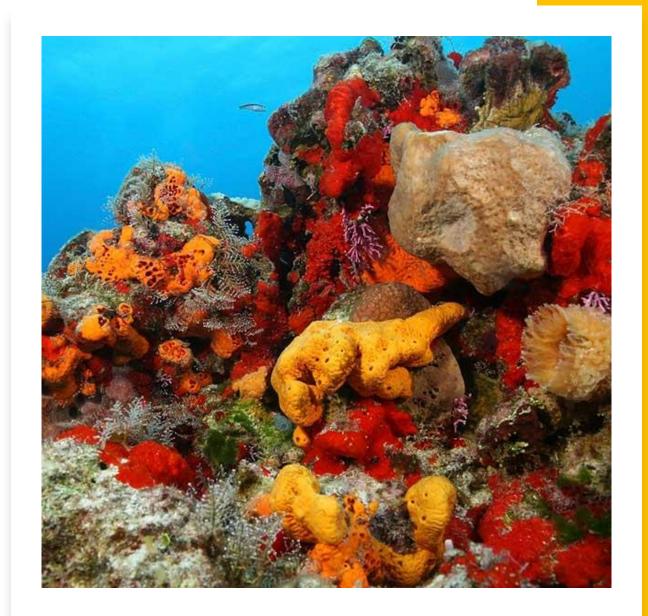
Spigelia anthelmia

Linnaeus gave this genus the name Spigelia in commemoration of the Dutch botanist and professor of anatomy Adriaan van der Spiegel, or, in its latinized version, Adrianus Spigelius [1578-1625]. It is a genus of some 50 species of annual and perennial herbs and subshrubs with simple opposite leaves and clusters of tubular or salver-shaped flowers which bear their parts in fives.



Spongia tosta

There are about 5,000 known living sponge species [Porifera] worldwide, 1,000 of which have been discovered during the last decade. The number of living species in all the world's seas and lakes is estimated to be at least 15,000.



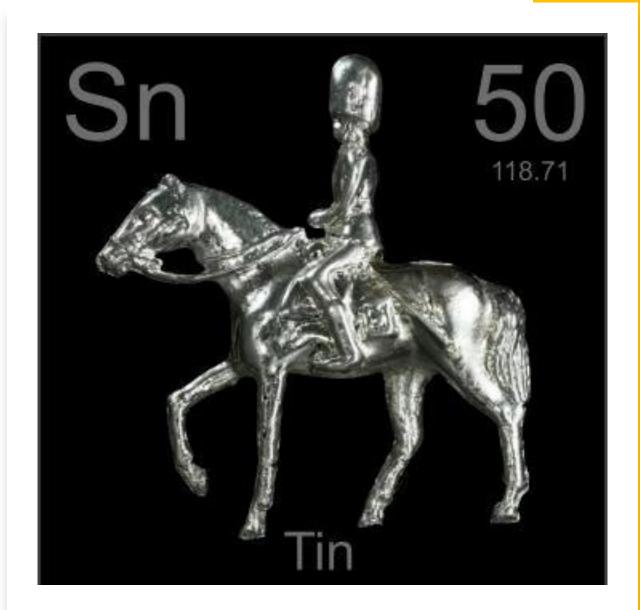
Squilla maritima

- Synonyms: Charybdis maritima [L.]
 Speta. Ornithogalum maritimum [L.]
 Lam. Ornithogalum squilla Ker Gawl.
 Scilla maritima L. Squilla littoralis Jord.
 & Fourr. Squilla maritima [L.] Steinh.
 Urginea littoralis [Jord. & Fourr.] Grey.
 Urginea maritima [L.] Baker.
- Common names: Sea onion. Red squill.
 Maritime squill.



Stannum metallicum

Tin is a relatively soft and ductile silverwhite metal with a low melting point and a high boiling point. [How easily tin melts is demonstrated by the instantaneous melting of the tin soldiers thrown into the fire in Hans Christian Andersen's fairy tale.]



Sticta pulmonaria

The lichens are included with the kingdom Fungi because they are symbiotic organisms composed of a fungus and a green alga or a cyanobacterium [bluegreen alga]. Lichens are always named according to the fungal member of this association.



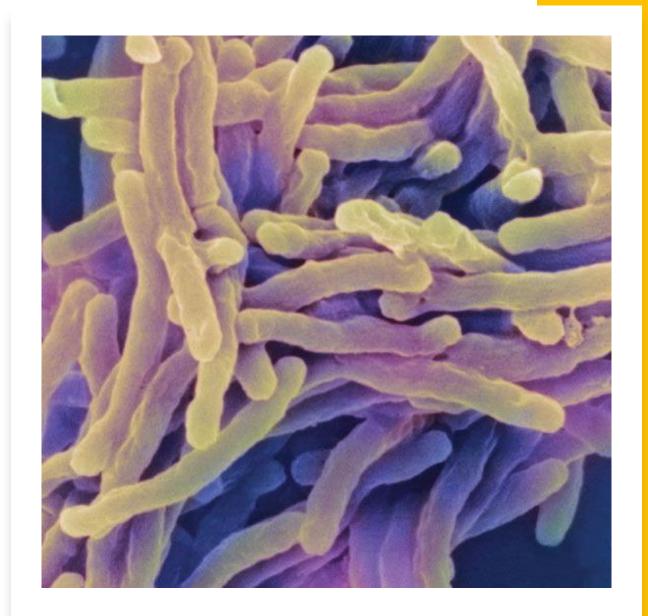
Sulphur

Sulphur is found in group 16 of the periodic table, with oxygen, selenium, tellurium, and pollonium as the other members of the group. Known to the ancients as 'the stone which burns' and referred to in Genesis as brimstone, it was classified as an element in 1777 by Lavoisier.



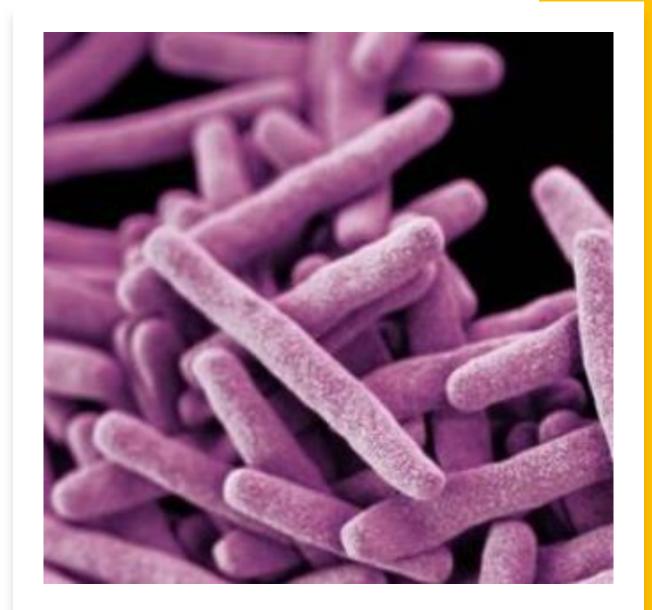
Tuberculinum

Tuberculosis was so prevalent in the mid-19th and the early 20th centuries that 80% of the population was infected before the age of twenty years. After decades of declining incidence, tuberculosis is re-emerging since the 1980s.



Tuberculinum avis

- Scientific name: Mycobacterium avium Chester.
- Synonyms: Bacillus tuberculosis avium Kruse. Mycobacterium tuberculosis avium Lehmann & Neumann.



Veratrum viride

- Scientific name: Veratrum viride Aiton.
- Synonyms: Helonias viridis [Aiton] Ker Gawl. Veratrum lobelianum var. eschscholtzianum Schult. & Schult.f. Veratrum viride var. escholtzianoides O.Loes.
- Common names: Green false hellebore. American false hellebore. American white hellebore. Giant false hellebore. Indian poke. Itchweed.



Zincum metallicum

Zinc has its place as the lightest member in group 12 of the periodic table, with cadmium and mercury as the two other group members. A blue-white metallic element, zinc is seldom, if ever, found in native form but commonly in the minerals sphalerite [zinc blende, zinc sulphide], smithsonite [zinc carbonate] and calamine [zinc silicate].







Different regions of the world



Different regions of the world

Different stages of the Disease



Different regions of the world

Different stages of the Disease

Five different strains of COVID-19



Different regions of the world

Different stages of the Disease

Five different strains of COVID-19

Not much clinical experience





Aconitum napellus

Aconitum is included in the Ranunculaceae. Comprising over 1800 species in about 50 genera, the family is centred in temperate and cold regions of the Northern and Southern hemispheres. It contains a number of very poisonous plants, such as Helleborus and Aconitum, and a number of well-known garden ornamentals.



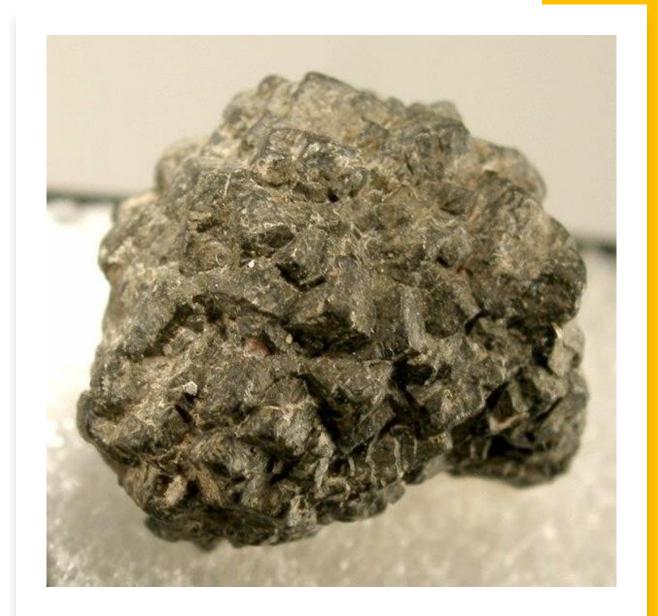
Antimonium tartaricum

- Antimony potassium tartrate. Tartar emetic. Tartrated antimony. Tartarized antimony. Potassium antimonyltartrate.
- Formula: C8H4K2O12Sb2•3H2O.
 Antimony 36.46%; carbon 14.39%;
 hydrogen 1.51%; oxygen 35.93%;
 potassium 11.71%.



Arsenicum album

Metallic arsenic belongs to the nitrogen family [group 15 of the periodic table] and is classified as a metalloid. Arsenic has three allotropes - yellow, black, and grey. The grey metallic form is the stable and most common ore. Arsenic compounds were described and used in antiquity, especially as poisons.



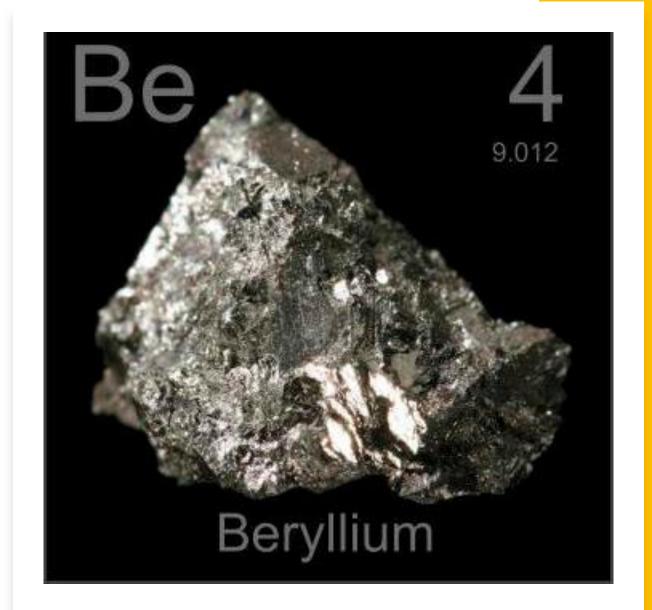
Belladonna

Atropa belladonna, as well as Stramonium and Hyoscyamus, belong to the Solanaceae or Nightshade family, a widespread plant family comprising about 96 genera of herbs, shrubs and, occasionally, trees.



Beryllium metallicum

- Beryllium. Synonym: Glucinum.
 Symbol: Be. Atomic number: 4.
- Lightest member of group 2 alkaline earth metals; followed by magnesium, calcium, strontium, barium, and radium.



Bryonia alba

Bryonia belongs to the gourd family or Cucurbitaceae, a family of some 700 species in 120 genera. Highly specialized in habit, floral structure and biochemistry, the Cucurbitaceae generally are classified in a single-family order.



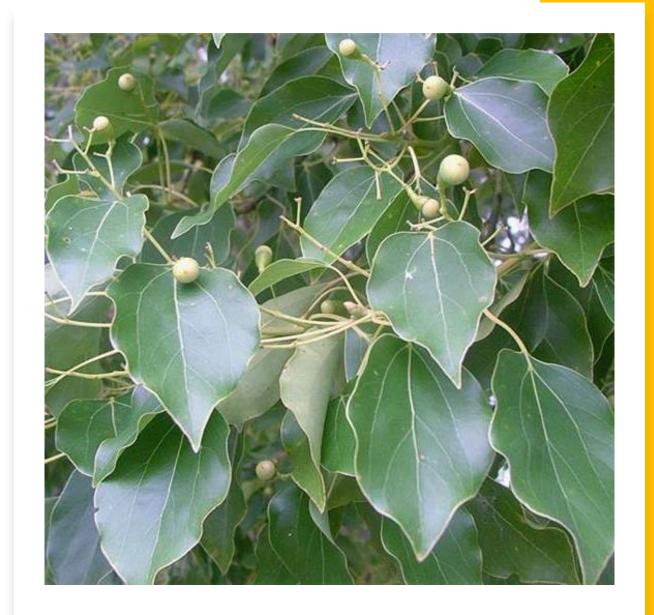
Carbo vegetabilis

Vegetable charcoal is the carbonaceous residue of the combustion of wood under the limited access of air. With the volatile components, like methane and hydrogen, baked away, the residue is just 20 to 25 per cent of the original volume of the wood. It is chiefly carbon, with traces of volatile chemicals and ash [rich in potassium].



Camphora officinalis

- Scientific name: Cinnamomum camphora [L.] J.Presl.
- Synonyms: Laurus camphora L. Camphora officinarum Nees. Cinnamomum camphora Presl.
- Common names: Camphor tree.
 Camphor laurel. Japanese camphor tree.



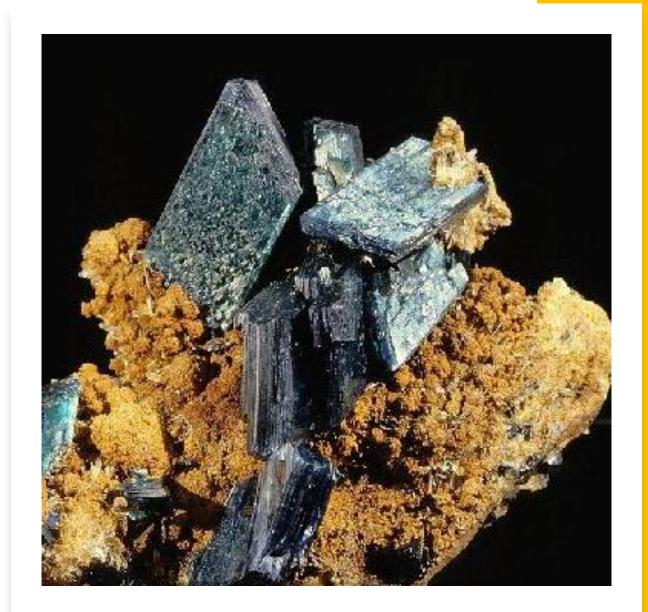
Eupatorium perfoliatum

Belongs to the family Compositae or Asteraceae and is included in the tribe Eupatorieae, along with Ageratum, Liatris, and Mikania. With about 1100 genera and 25,000 species, the Aster family is one of the largest families of flowering plants.



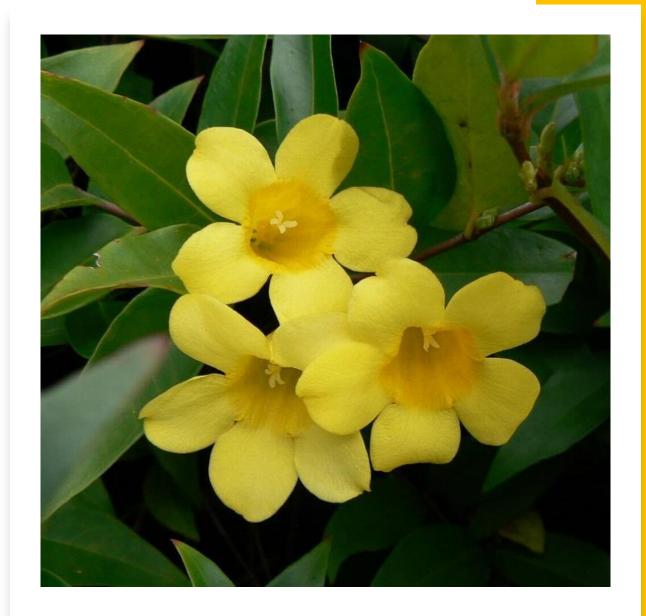
Ferrum phosphoricum

Ferric phosphate is a dihydrate, white, greyish-white, or light pink, orthorhombic or monoclinic crystals or amorphous powder. It loses water above 140o. Practically insoluble in water; readily soluble in hydrochloric acid [muriatic acid].



Gelsemium sempervirens

Placed in the Loganiaceae family, Gelsemium is a genus of 3 species of evergreen twining shrubs with simple opposite leaves and clusters of fragrant tubular flowers that bear their parts in 5s. The Loganiaceae is a diverse family of trees, shrubs and climbers.



Kali bichromicum

Orange-red crystals or powder; not hygroscopic or deliquescent [difference from sodium dichromate]. Dissolves sparingly in water. The compound is a strong oxidizer; contact with other material may cause fire.



Lobelia purpurascens

- Scientific name: Lobelia purpurascens R.Br.
- Synonyms: Dortmanna purpurascens [R.Br.] Kuntze. Lobelia ilicifolia Sims.
 Pratia purpurascens [R.Br.] E.Wimm.
 Rapuntium purpurascens [R.Br.] C.Presl.
- Common names: White root. Purple pratia. Pukeweed.



Lycopodium clavatum

One the dominant plants of the forests in the Carboniferous Period, the club mosses, also called lycopods, are reduced today to five genera and some 900 species. The family consists of terrestrial or epiphytic, fern-like herbs or climbers with small, simple leaves typically arranged in whorls or spirals.



Phosphorus

Phosphorus is the second element in group 15 of the periodic system; nitrogen is the lightest member, arsenic, antimony and bismuth follow after phosphorus. Phosphorus does not occur naturally, but only in the oxidized form of phosphates, e.g. in the minerals apatite, phosphophyllite, turquoise, and vivianite.



Pulsatilla pratensis

Pulsatilla belongs to the Ranunculaceae or Buttercup family. Comprising over 1800 species in about 50 genera, the family is centred in temperate and cold regions of the Northern and Southern Hemispheres.



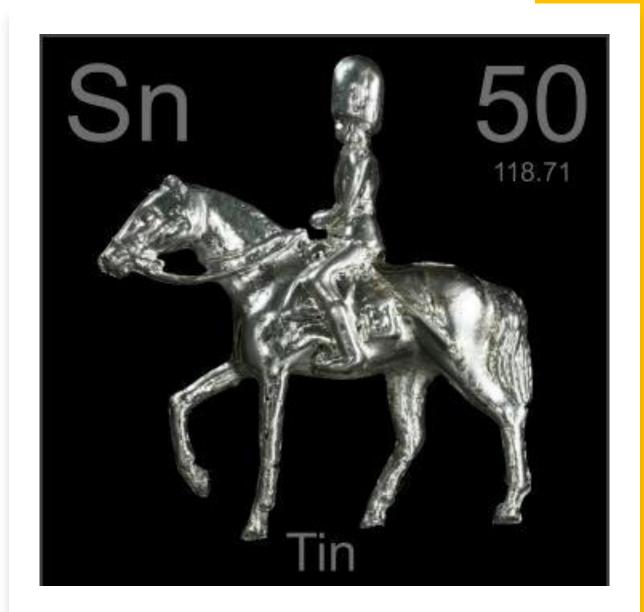
Squilla maritima

- Synonyms: Charybdis maritima [L.]
 Speta. Ornithogalum maritimum [L.]
 Lam. Ornithogalum squilla Ker Gawl.
 Scilla maritima L. Squilla littoralis Jord.
 & Fourr. Squilla maritima [L.] Steinh.
 Urginea littoralis [Jord. & Fourr.] Grey.
 Urginea maritima [L.] Baker.
- Common names: Sea onion. Red squill.
 Maritime squill.



Stannum metallicum

Tin is a relatively soft and ductile silverwhite metal with a low melting point and a high boiling point. [How easily tin melts is demonstrated by the instantaneous melting of the tin soldiers thrown into the fire in Hans Christian Andersen's fairy tale.]



Sticta pulmonaria

The lichens are included with the kingdom Fungi because they are symbiotic organisms composed of a fungus and a green alga or a cyanobacterium [bluegreen alga]. Lichens are always named according to the fungal member of this association.



Sulphur

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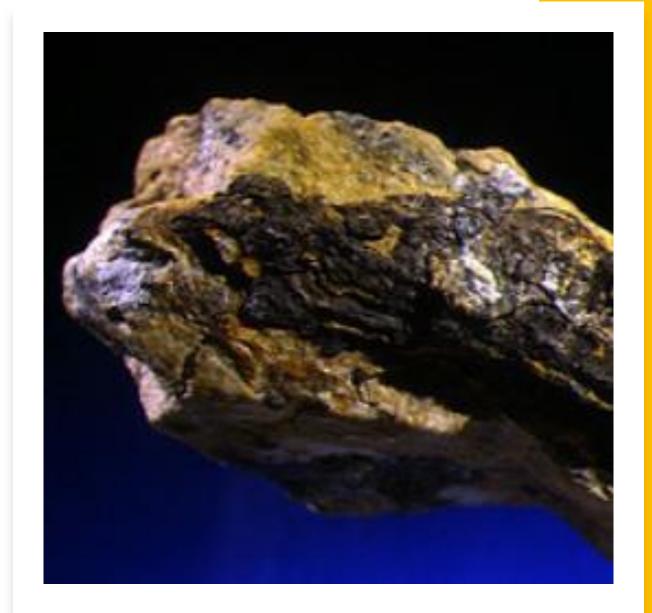
Aethylium sulfuricum dichloratum

- Dichlorodiethyl sulphide. Mustard gas. Sulphur mustard. HD.
- Clear amber coloured oily liquid with a faint odour of garlic, onion, horseradish, or mustard
- Formula: C4H8Cl2S. Carbon 30.20%; chlorine 44.57%; hydrogen 5.07%; sulphur 20.16%



Arsenicum iodatum

- Arsenic triiodide. Arsenic iodide. Arsenous triiodide. Triodoarsine.
- Orange-red to dark red solid. Prepared by a reaction of arsenic trichloride and potassium iodide.



Bacillinum

- Scientific name: Mycobacterium tuberculosis Zopf.
- Family: Mycobacteriaceae.
- Order: Actinomycetales. Class: Actinobacteria. Phylum: Actinobacteria.

From *Prisma* by Frans Vermeulen



Chininum arsenicosum

The arsenite of quinine combines many of the properties of its components but having been proved it can be treated as a separate individuality.



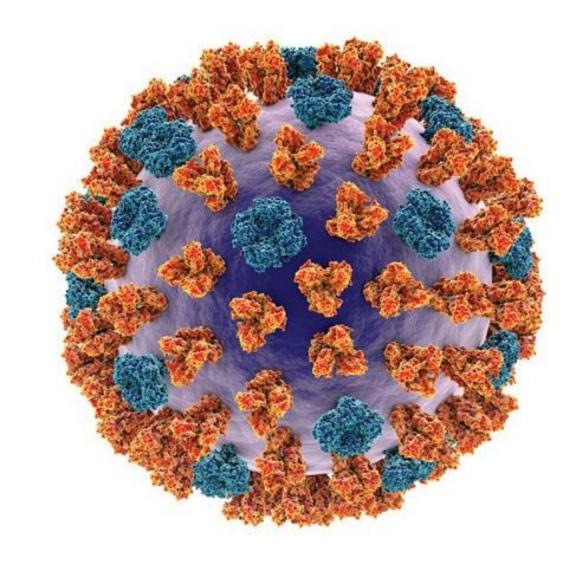
Croton tiglium

- Scientific name: Croton tiglium L.
- Common names: Purging croton. Physic nut.
- Family: Euphorbiaceae.



Influenzinum

The only members of the Orthomyxovirus family, influenza viruses are divided into 3 types: A, B, and C, on the basis of variation in the nucleoprotein antigen.



Justicia adhatoda

- Scientific name: Justicia adhatoda L.
- Synonyms: Adhatoda zeylanica Medik.
- Common names: Malabar nut.
 Adhatoda. Vasa. Vasaka.



Kali carbonicum

Potassium is a member of group 1 [formerly IA] of the periodic table, along with Lithium, Sodium, Rubidium, Caesium, and Francium. The Latin name kalium comes from Arabic qali, alkali. Potassium is never found free in nature.

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Ozonum

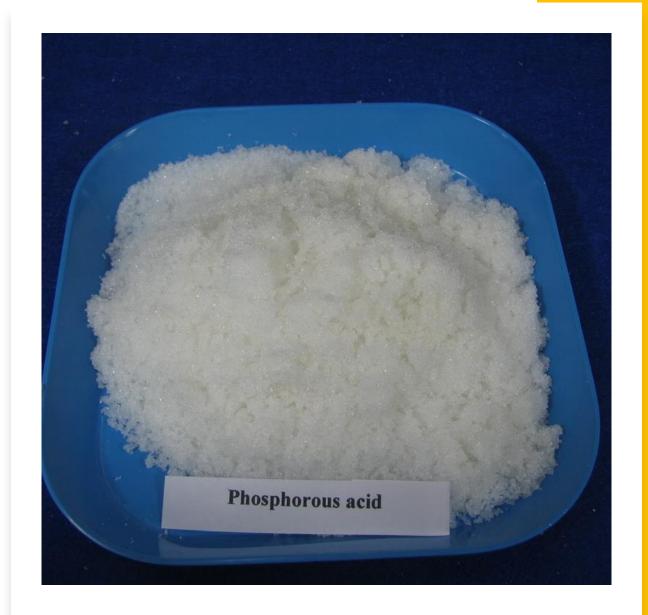
- Ozone. Trixoygen. O3.
- Allotrope of oxygen that is much less stable than the diatomic allotrope O2, breaking down in the lower atmosphere to normal dioxygen.



Phosphoricum acidum

An inorganic acid, phosphoric acid exists either in the form of unstable, orthorhombic crystals [anhydrous] or as a clear, syrupy liquid. Pure anhydrous phosphoric acid is a white solid that melts at 42.350 C to form a viscous liquid.

From *Prisma* by Frans Vermeulen



Pyrogenium

Introduced into homoeopathy by Drysdale in 1880, pyrogenium was obtained by the following mode of preparation: Half a pound of chopped lean beef is put into a pint of tap water and macerated on the sunny side of a wall for two or three weeks, so that a pellicle may form and the maceration fluid assume a reddish, thick, and fetid appearance.

From *Prisma* by Frans Vermeulen



Senega

- Scientific name: Polygala senega L.
- Synonyms: Senega officinalis Spach.
- Common names: Seneca snakeroot.
 Rattlesnake root. Mountain flax.
- Family: Polygalaceae.



Solaninum aceticum

- Plant-derived chemical. Steroidal glycoalkaloid, acetate salt.
- Obsolete drug at one time used for treatment of pulmonary maladies with spasm or irritation.
- No provings or clinical observations [Dr. Farokh Master reports clinical success with this remedy]. Symptoms from experiments with crude substance by Clarus, 1853.



Tuberculinum

Tuberculosis was so prevalent in the mid-19th and the early 20th centuries that 80% of the population was infected before the age of twenty years. After decades of declining incidence, tuberculosis is re-emerging since the 1980s.

From *Prisma* by Frans Vermeulen





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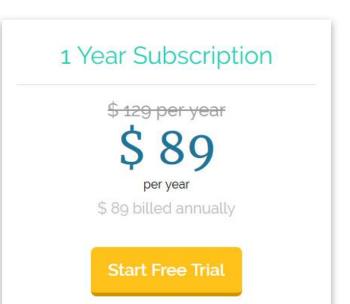


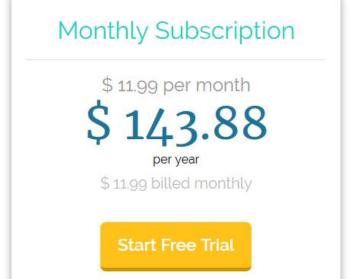


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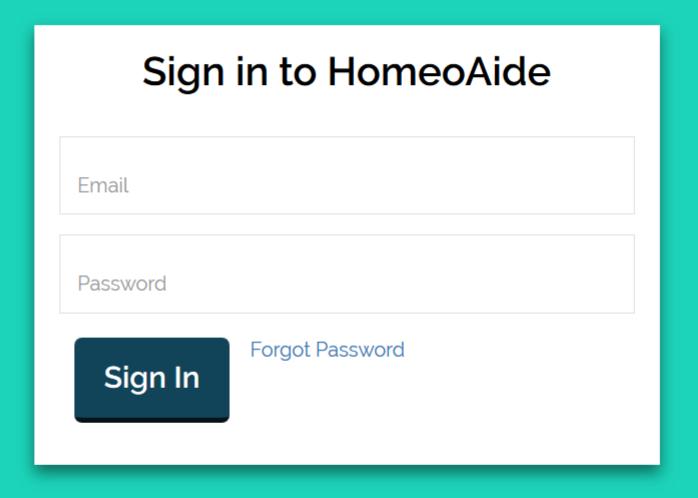
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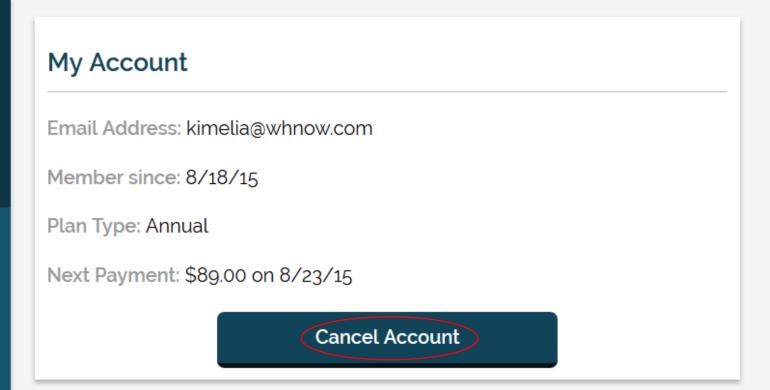


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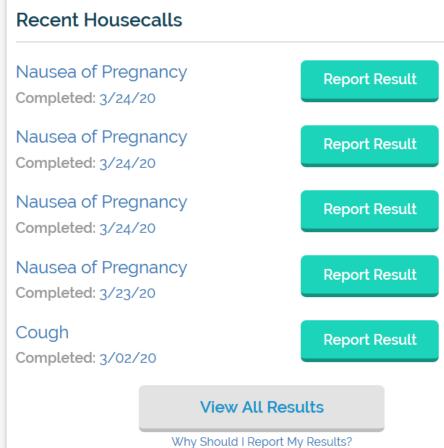
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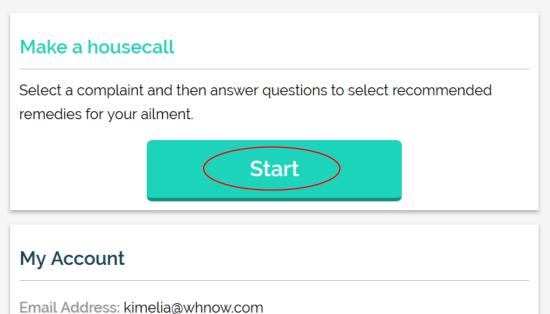
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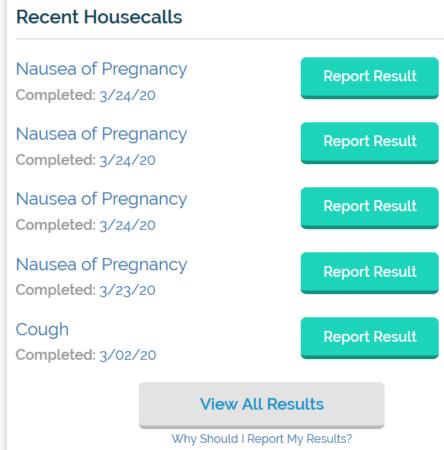


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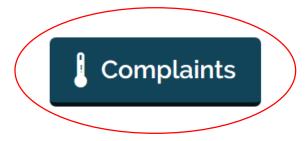






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The Medical Observer

To educate us for the acquirement of this faculty, an acquaintance with the best writings of the Greeks and Romans is useful, in order to enable us to attain directness in thinking and in feeling, as also appropriateness and simplicity in expressing our sensations...

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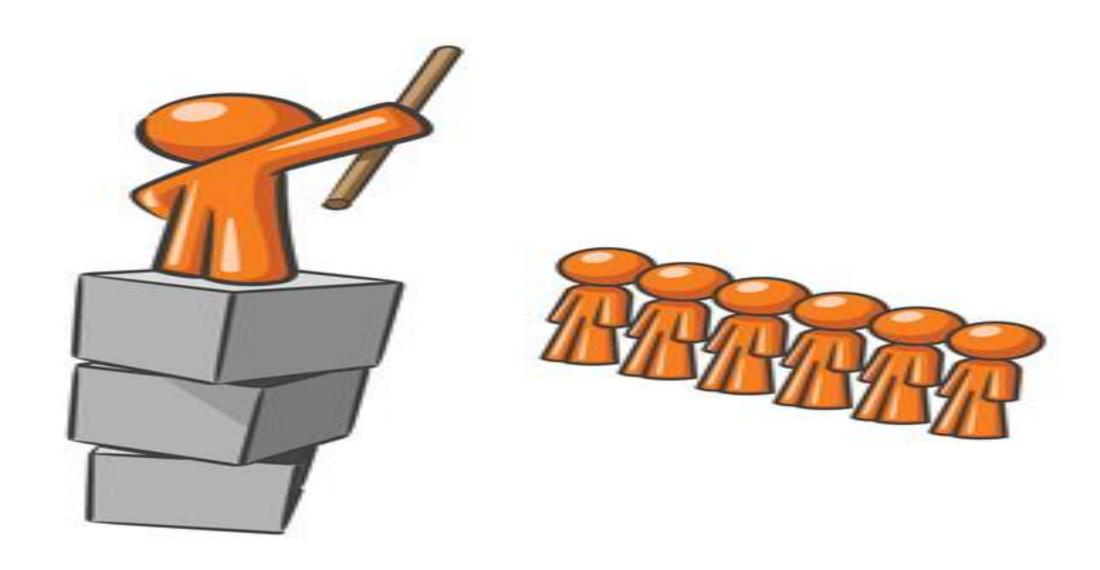
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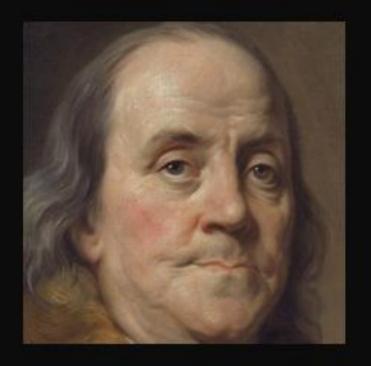
- Ask a challenging, open-ended question.
- 2. Build on the first question by asking why?
- Come up with ideas based on these questions.
- 4. Interrogate your ideas with continual questions.
- 5. Repeat steps 2-4 to get closer to a better solution.
 It is ideal that you ask these questions with a group of people to get different perspectives.







Benjamin Franklin



Those who would give up essential Liberty, to purchase a little temporary Safety, deserve neither Liberty nor Safety.



Is there a problem?



Six People From The Diamond Princess Cruise Ship Have Now Died From COVID-19 After Quarantine Failure



Victoria Forster Contributor ①

Healthcare

Cancer research scientist and childhood cancer survivor.















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Estimating the infection and case fatality ratio for COVID-19 using age-adjusted data from the outbreak on the Diamond Princess cruise ship

© Timothy W Russell, © Joel Hellewell, © Christopher I Jarvis, © Kevin van-Zandvoort, © Sam Abbott, © Ruwan Ratnayake, CMMID nCov working group, Stefan Flasche, Rosalind M Eggo, Adam J Kucharski doi: https://doi.org/10.1101/2020.03.05.20031773

This article is a preprint and has not been peer-reviewed [what does this mean?]. It reports new medical research that has yet to be evaluated and so should not be used to guide clinical practice.

Abstract

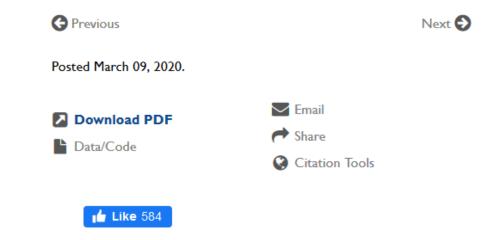
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Abstract

Adjusting for delay from confirmation-to-death, we estimated case and infection fatality ratios (CFR, IFR) for COVID-19 on the Diamond Princess ship as 2.3% (0.75%-5.3%) and 1.2% (0.38-2.7%). Comparing deaths onboard with expected deaths based on naive CFR estimates using China data, we estimate IFR and CFR in China to be 0.5% (95% CI: 0.2-1.2%) and 1.1% (95% CI: 0.3-2.4%) respectively.



COVID-19 SARS-CoV-2 preprints from medRxiv and bioRxiv

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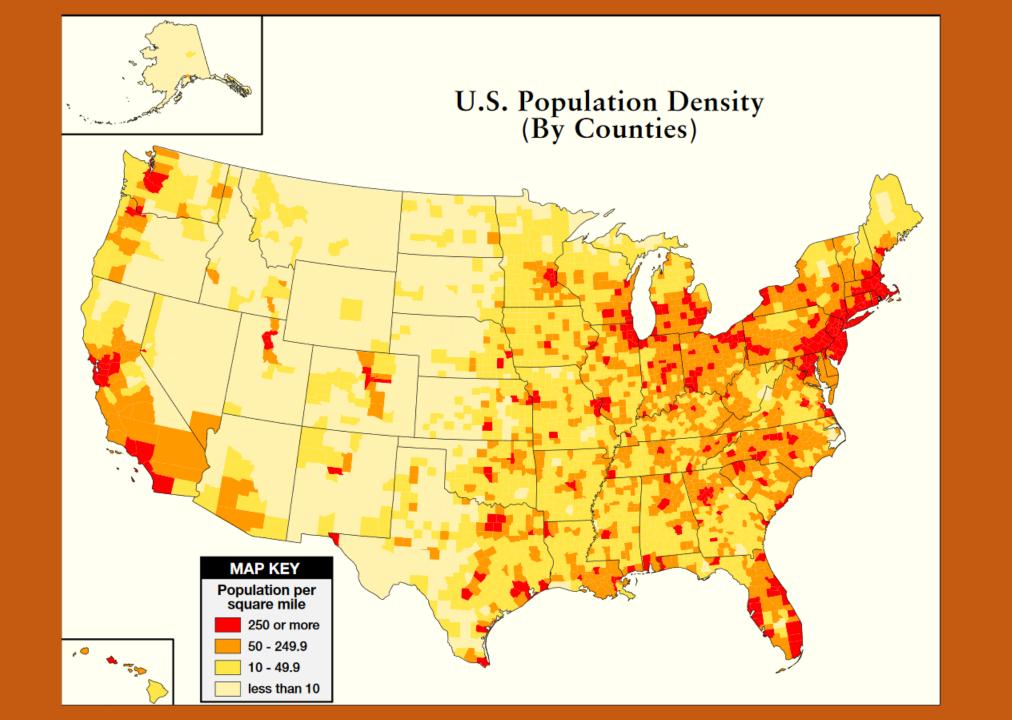
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Updated on 6 March 2020.

According to scientists from Zhejiang University, Sun Yat-sen University and Saint Louis University in Missouri, rather than being a single virus strain, COVID-19 has already split into three separate strains, which can be grouped into two main strains.

The findings, which were published in a preprint on medRxiv.org, made the case for three COVID-19 strains, which the authors term **Type IA**, **Type IB** and **Type II**, and which may present with different symptoms.

The most important finding of this study is that COVID-19 strains form two well-supported clades (genotype I, or Type I, and Type II). Type II strains were likely evolved from Type I and are more prevalent than Type I among infected patients (68 Type II strains vs 29 Type I strains in total). Our results suggest the outbreak of type II COVID-19 likely occurred in the Huanan market, while the initial transmission of the type I virus to humans probably occurred at a different location in Wuhan. Second, by analyzing the three genomic sites distinguishing Type I and Type II strains, we found that the synonymous changes at two of the three sites confer higher protein translational efficiencies in Type II strains than in Type I strains, which might explain why Type II straints are more prevalent, implying that Type II is more contagious (transmissible) than Type I.

Why have so many coronavirus patients died in Italy?

The country's high death toll is due to an ageing population, overstretched health system and the way fatalities are reported

By Sarah Newey, GLOBAL HEALTH SECURITY CORRESPONDENT 23 March 2020 • 4:55pm



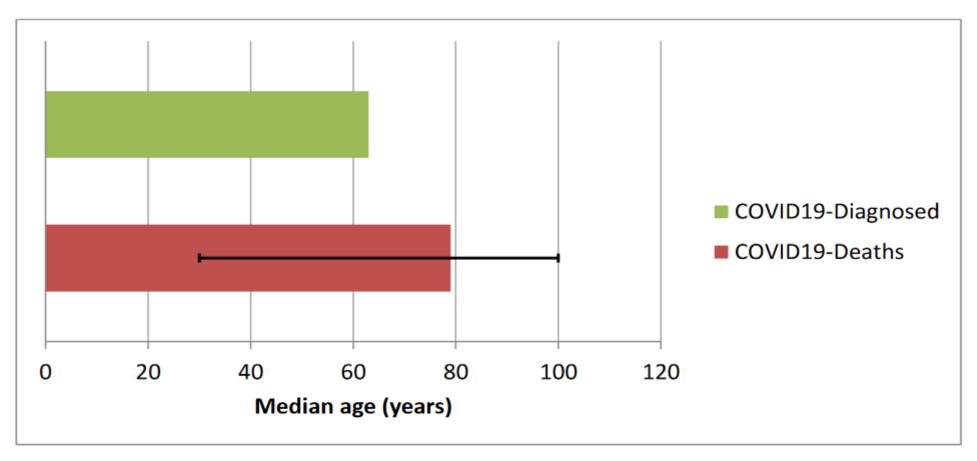
Italy: Only 12% of "Covid19 deaths" list Covid19 as cause

Report shows up to 88% of Italy's alleged Covid19 deaths could be misattributed



Mean age of patients dying for COVID-2019 infection was 78 (median 79, range 30-100, IQR 73 -85). Women were 2,012 (29.6%). Figure 1 shows that median age of patients dying for COVID-2019 infection was more than 15 years higher as compared with the national sample diagnosed with COVID-2019 infection (median age 63 years). Figure 2 shows the absolute number of deaths by age group. Women dying for COVID-2019 infection had an older age than men (median age women 82 - median age men 78).

Figure 1. Median age of patients with COVID-2019 infection and COVID-19 positive deceased patients



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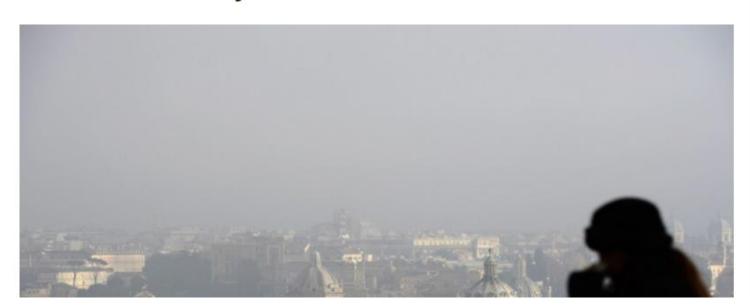
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Facts about Covid-19

Confirmed Coronavirus Cases Is an 'Almost Meaningless' Metric

Bloomberg

Faye Flam

Bloomberg March 28, 2020









(Bloomberg Opinion) -- It doesn't matter that the United States surpassed China this week in reported Covid-19 cases because those numbers (83,507 and 81,782 respectively as of March 26) don't tell us how many people actually became infected in either country. Nor do they tell us how fast the disease is spreading, since only a tiny portion of the population in the United States has been tested.

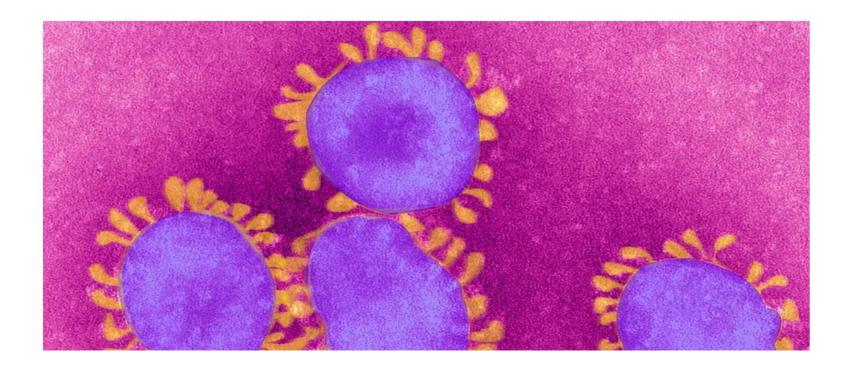
"The numbers are almost meaningless," says Steve Goodman, a professor of epidemiology at Stanford University. There's a huge reservoir of people who have mild cases, and would not likely seek testing, he says. The rate of increase in positive results reflect a mixed-up combination of increased testing rates and spread of the virus.

We will need more complete data, smarter data and more coordinated data to communicate something meaningful about the extent of Covid-19 in the United States, how many people are likely to die, which hospitals are likely to be swamped and whether drastic changes in the way Americans live will start to slow down the spread of the virus.

With a population of 1.5 billion people, China's some 80,000 cases look like a rounding error, says Nigam Shah, an assistant professor of biomedical statistics at Stanford. And India's claim of some 754 cases probably reflects a severe lack of tests — not that the disease there is still so rare. The positive tests say little about how many people are dying or will die, since most cases are mild.

Epidemiologist Behind Highly-Cited Coronavirus Model Drastically Downgrades Projection

By Amanda Prestigiacomo | DailyWire.com



COVID-19: Updated data implies that UK modelling hugely overestimates the expected death rates from infection

Posted on March 25, 2020 by niclewis | 479 Comments

By Nic Lewis

Introduction

There has been much media coverage about the danger to life posed by the COVID-19 coronavirus pandemic. While it is clearly a serious threat, one should consider whether the best evidence supports the current degree of panic and hence government policy. Much of the concern in the UK resulted from a non-peer reviewed study published by the COVID-19 Response Team from Imperial College (Ferguson et al 2020[1]). In this article, I examine whether data from the Diamond Princess cruise ship — arguably the most useful data set available — support the fatality rate assumptions underlying the Imperial study. I find that it does not do so. The likely fatality rates for age groups from 60 upwards, which account for the vast bulk of projected deaths, appear to be much lower than those in the Ferguson et al. study.

 RT @khalil_spencer: Imperial College UK COVID-19 numbers don't seem to add up judithcurry.com/2020 /04/01/imp... via @curryja 3 hours ago

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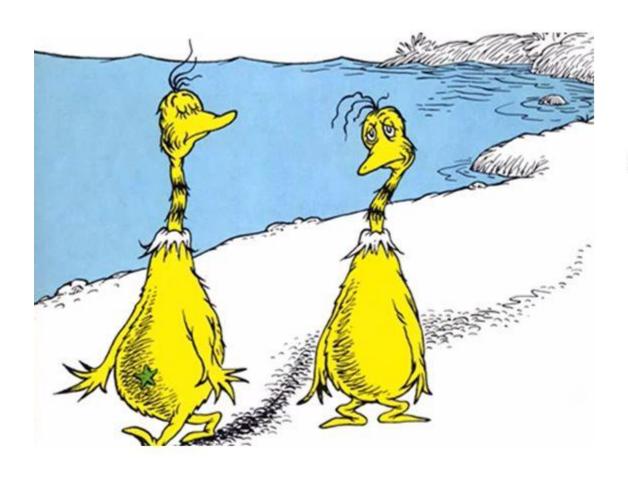
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- Robert Clark on CoV discussion







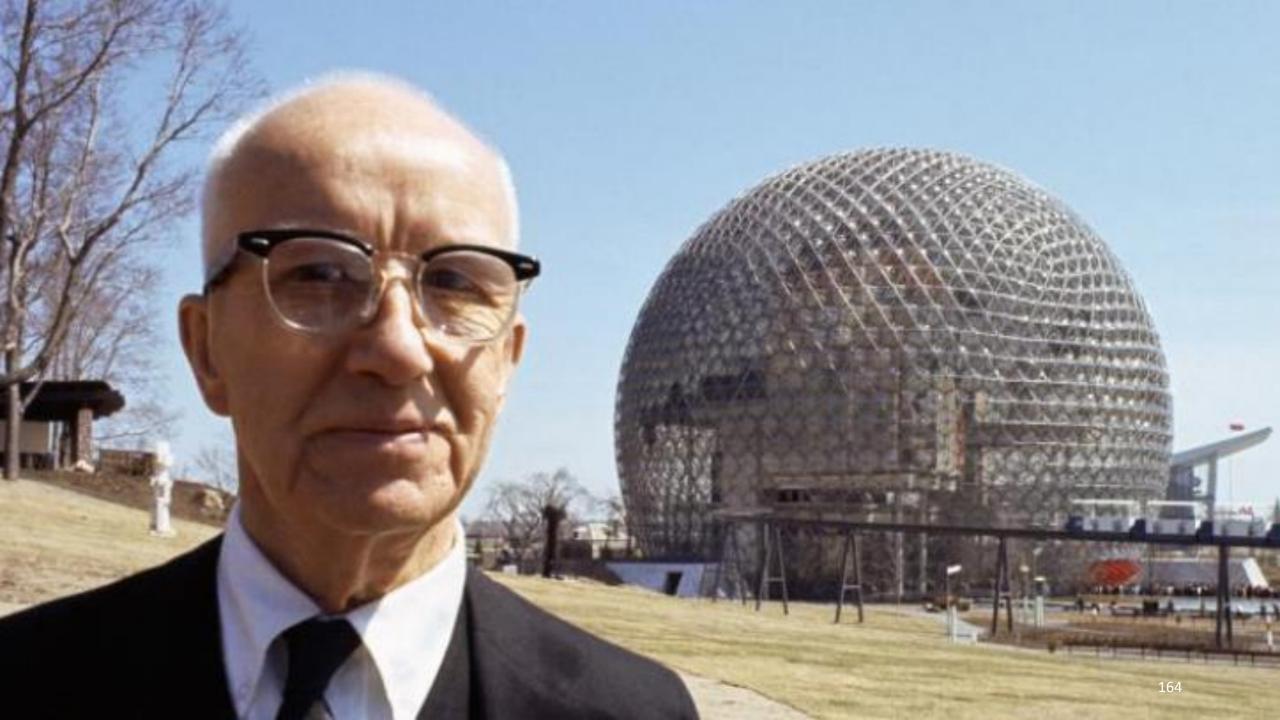


Now, the Star-Belly Sneetches had bellies with stars. The Plain-Belly Sneetches had none upon thars. Those stars weren't so big. They were really so small. You might think such a thing wouldn't matter at all.



COVID-19: Cuomo's Bubble is Starting to Burst

The NY governor's 2020 budget was approved by the state Senate on Thursday, which included cuts to Medicaid, undermining his newfound status, reports Joe Lauria. Read here...



Fair Allocation of Scarce Medical Resources in the Time of Covid-19

Ezekiel J. Emanuel, M.D., Ph.D., Govind Persad, J.D., Ph.D., Ross Upshur, M.D., Beatriz Thome, M.D., M.P.H., Ph.D., Michael Parker, Ph.D., Aaron Glickman, B.A., Cathy Zhang, B.A., Connor Boyle, B.A., Maxwell Smith, Ph.D., and James P. Phillips, M.D.

Article Figures/Media Metrics

39 References 1 Citing Article

OVID-19 IS OFFICIALLY A PANDEMIC. IT IS A NOVEL INFECTION WITH SERIOUS clinical manifestations, including death, and it has reached at least 124 countries and territories. Although the ultimate course and impact of Covid-19 are uncertain, it is not merely possible but likely that the disease will produce enough severe illness to overwhelm health care infrastructure. Emerging viral pandemics "can place extraordinary and sustained demands on public health and health systems and on providers of essential community services." Such demands will create the need to ration medical equipment and interventions.

Rationing is already here. In the United States, perhaps the earliest example was the near-immediate recognition that there were not enough high-filtration N-95 masks for health care workers, prompting contingency guidance on how to reuse masks designed for single use.² Physicians in Italy have proposed directing crucial resources such as intensive care beds and ventilators to patients who can benefit most from treatment.^{3,4} Daegu, South Korea — home to most of that country's Covid-19 cases — faced a hospital bed shortage, with some patients dying at home while awaiting admission.⁵ In the United Kingdom, protective gear requirements for health workers have been downgraded, causing condemnation among providers.⁶ The rapidly growing imbalance between supply and demand for

March 23, 2020

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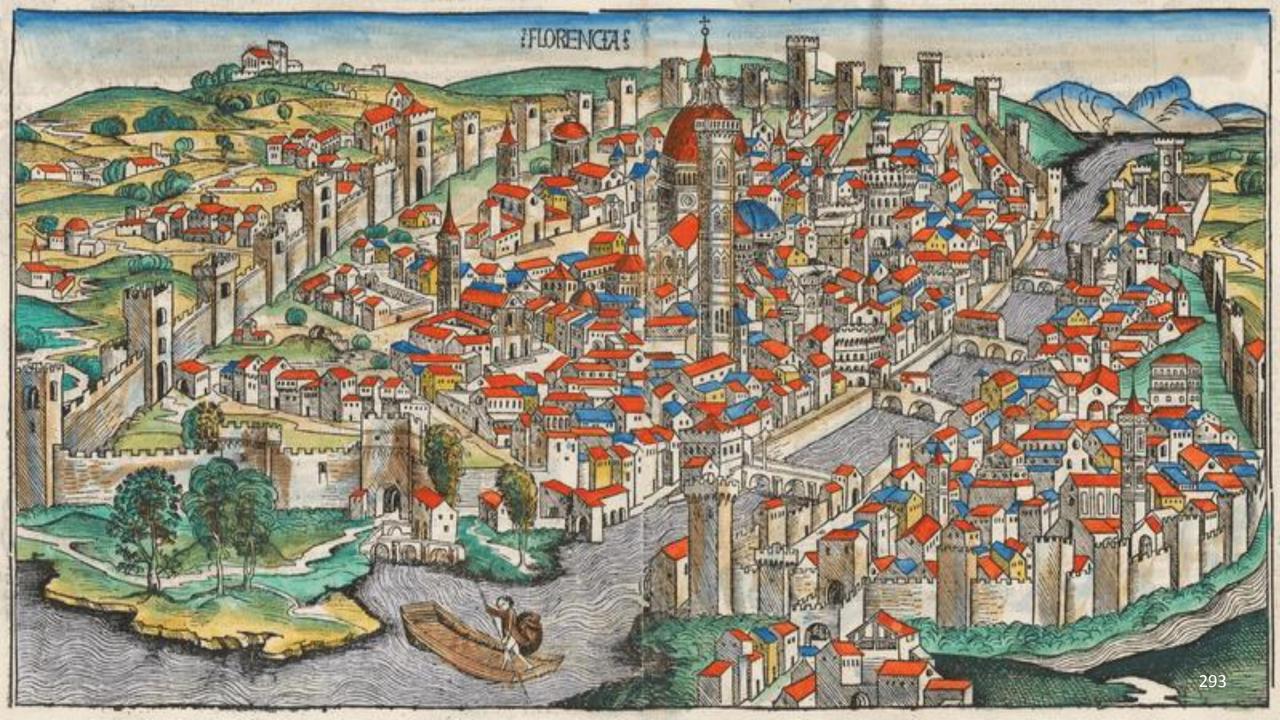
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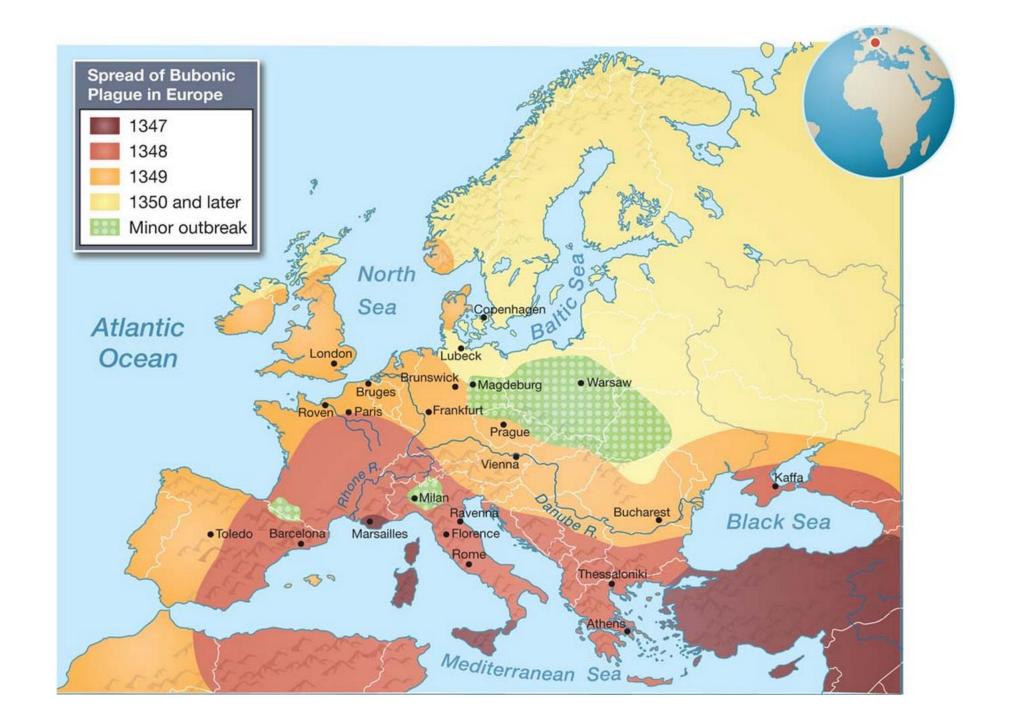
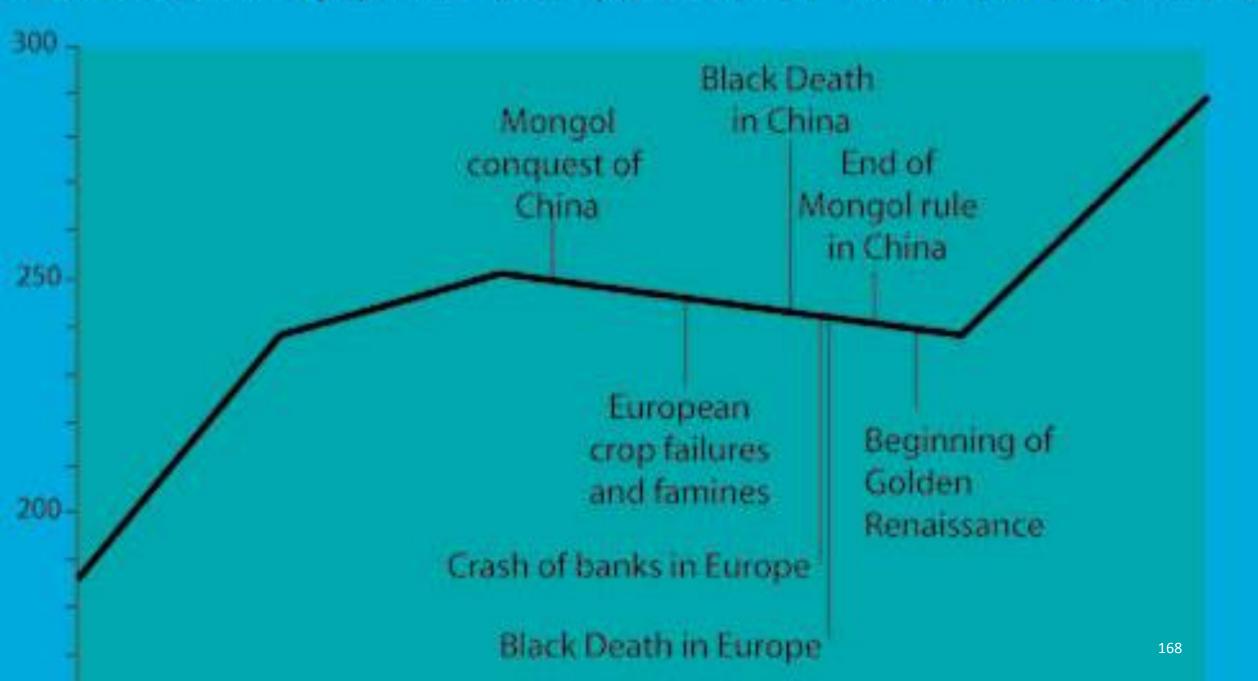
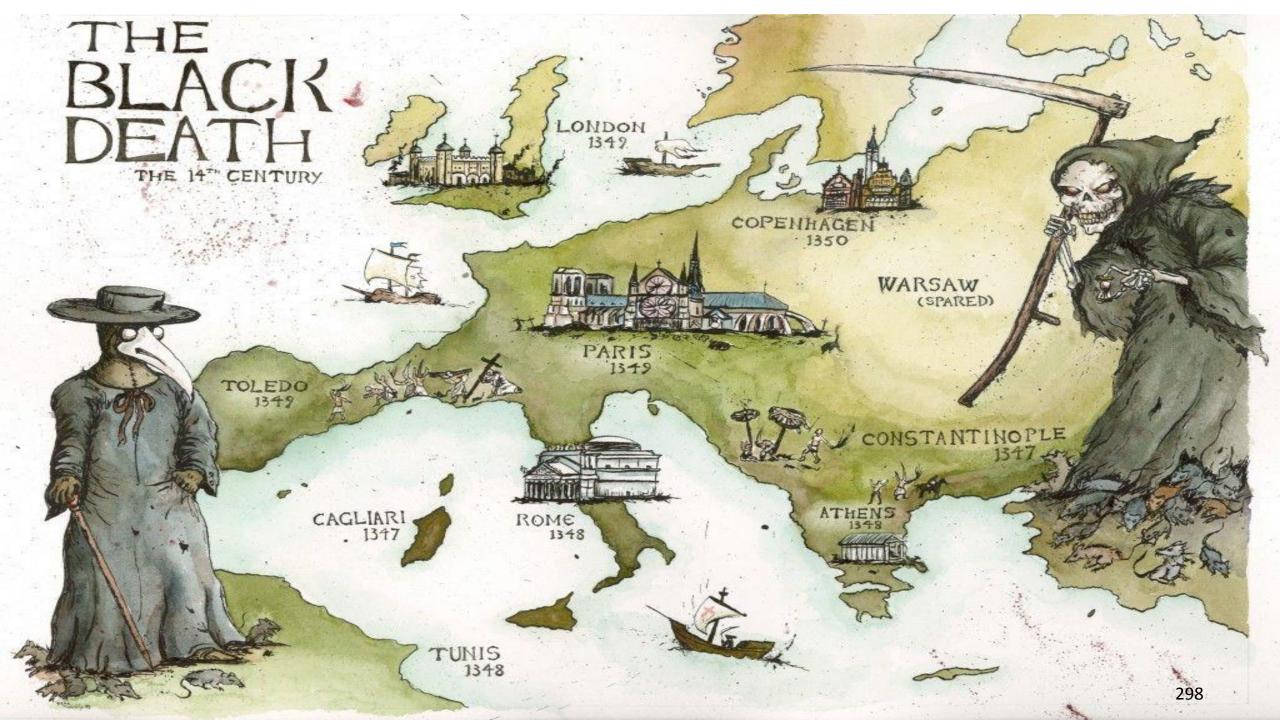


FIGURE 1. Combined population of Europe, India, and China C.E. 1000-1500 (millions)





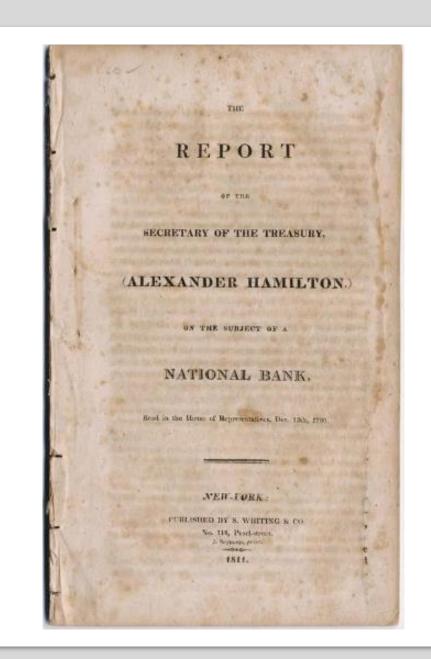


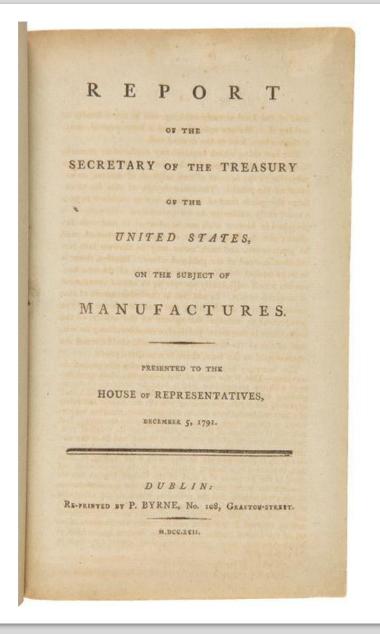




THE KIND OF "ASSISTED EMIGRANT" WE CAN NOT AFFORD TO ADMIT.

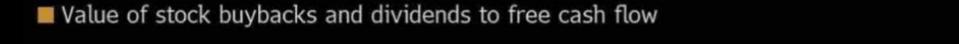


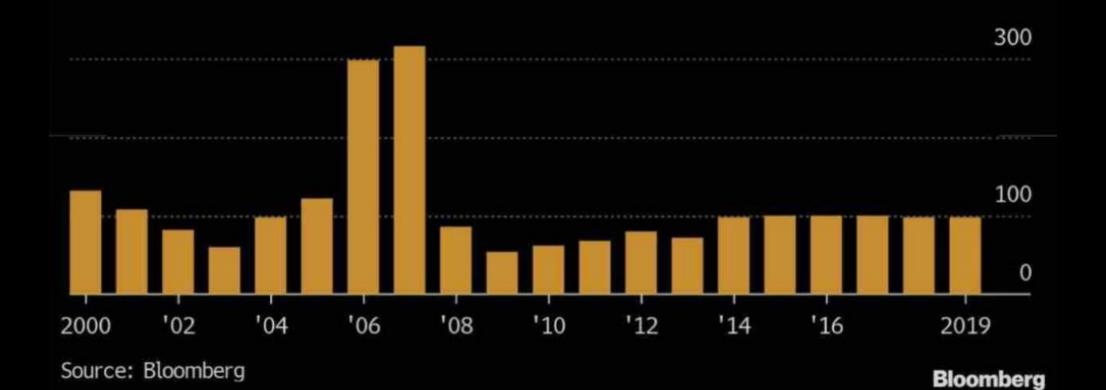




That's Where It Goes

Almost all free cash flow has gone to buybacks and dividends since 2014





400%











Indian J Endocrinol Metab. 2012 Sep-Oct; 16(5): 856. doi: 10.4103/2230-8210.100685

PMCID: PMC3475924 PMID: 23087884

Milk proteins and human health: A1/A2 milk hypothesis

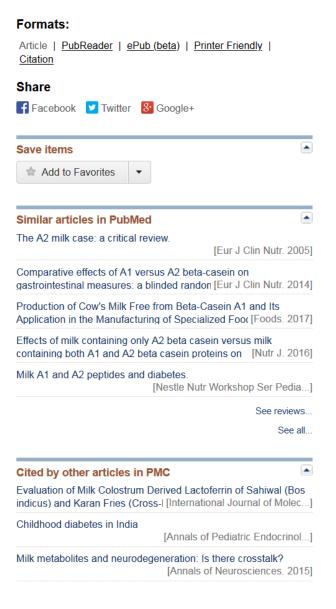
Monika Sodhi, Manishi Mukesh, Ranjit S. Kataria, Bishnu P. Mishra, and Balwinder K. Joshii

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Sir,

Milk from dairy cows has been regarded as nature's perfect food, providing an important source of nutrients including high quality proteins, carbohydrates and selected micronutrients. More than 95% of the cow milk proteins are constituted by caseins and whey proteins. Among the caseins, beta casein is the second most abundant protein and has excellent nutritional balance of amino acids. Different mutations in bovine beta casein gene have led to 12 genetic variants and out of these A1 and A2 are the most common. The A1 and A2 variants of beta casein differ at amino acid position 67 with histidine (CAT) in A1 and proline (CCT) in A2 milk as a result of single nucleotide difference. This polymorphism leads to a key conformational change in the secondary structure of expressed β -casein protein. Gastrointestinal proteolytic digestion of A1 variant of β -casein (raw/processed milk) leads to generation of bioactive peptide, beta casomorphin 7 (BCM7).[1] Infants may absorb BCM-7 due to an immature gastrointestinal tract whereas adults gather the biological activity locally on the intestinal brush boarder. In hydrolysed milk with variant A1 of beta-casein, BCM-7 level is 4-fold higher than in A2 milk. Initial studies on indigenous cow (Zebu type), buffalo and exotic cows (taurine type) have revealed that A1 allele is more frequent in exotic cattle while Indian native dairy cow and buffalo have only A2 allele,[2] and hence are a source for safe milk.













Homœopathy's Time

